#### Connectivity at the Heart of Port Operations

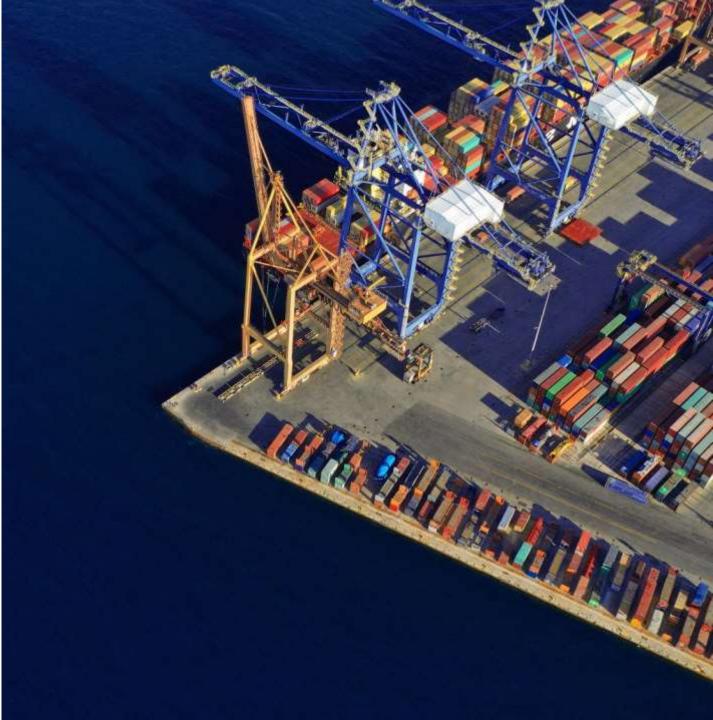
No container can move until a packet of data moves first

**Chris Mason** Vice President of Sales – EMEA Rajant Corporation *Leader in Wireless M2M Connectivity* 



#### Why Ports are **Adopting Automation**

Labour Market **Tightening** Need to Improve **Safety** Desire to Increase **Efficiency** 





Labor Market Tightening

1,000,000 less workers in labour market in UK

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Need to Improve Safety

4 fatalities per 100,000 shipyard workers, highest rate for all US workers.

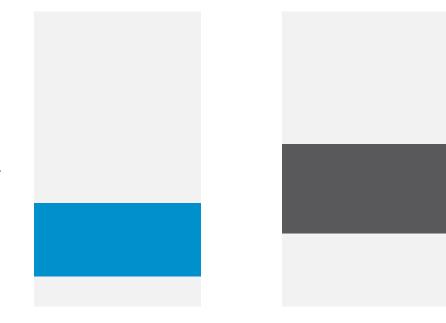
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### Desire to Increase Efficiency

### 66

Successful automated ports operating expenses could fall by 25-55% and productivity could rise by 10-35% with properly planned automated systems.



McKinsey & Company

10-35% rise in productivity

25-55% decrease in expenses



## The Emergence of **"Port 4.0"**

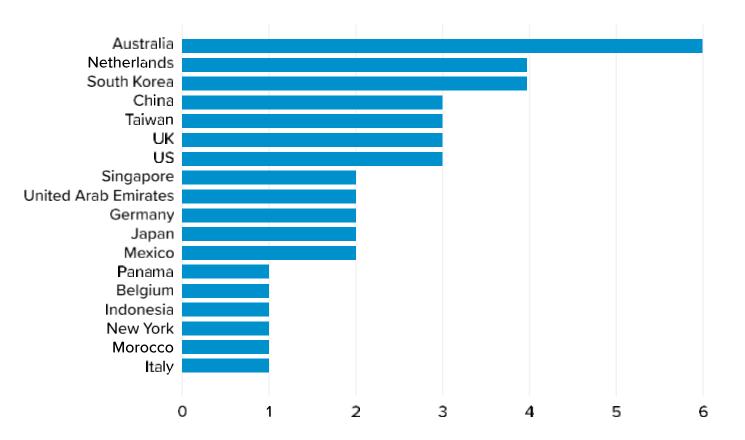
Shift fromasset operatortoservice orchestrator





#### Major Ports Behind the Curve

- Only 5% of terminals are automated
- Behind other industries in adoption
- Australia/Netherlands leading

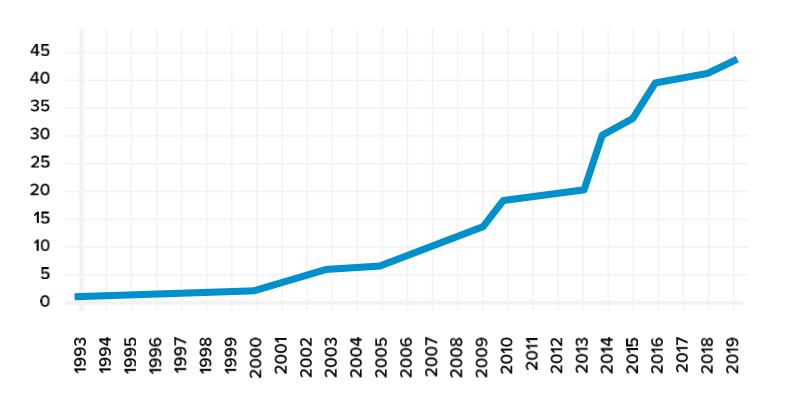


Number of automated or semi-automated terminals



# Growth Still **Picking Up Steam**

- Only 5% of terminals are automated
- Behind other industries in adoption
- Australia/Netherlands leading



Yearly and accumulated increase of automated and semi automated container terminals since their first appearance in the **1990's.** 



#### Why Some Wireless Technologies are **Insufficient for Port 4.0**

- Wi-Fi Limitations
- LTE Limitations
- 5G Limitations





### WiFi Limitations

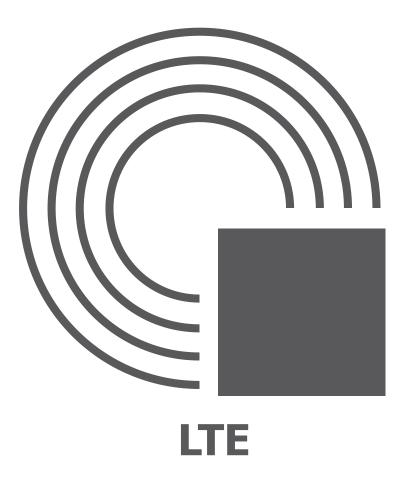
- Connection strength is limited
- Client to Access Point
- Single frequency
- Ideal for nomadic devices
- Interference can be major hindrance





### **LTE** Limitations

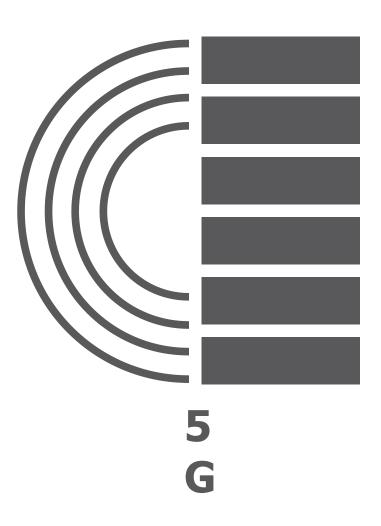
- Larger coverage area
- Still mast to client device
- Can't go through metal
- Limited upstream capabilities
- Layer 3 architecture





#### **5G** Limitations

- Higher frequencies, much faster rates
- Shorter range, again requires line of
- sight
- Metal containers interfere
  - Layer 3 architecture





# High Costs of **System Downtime**

- Suez Canal Blockage cost \$6.7 million/min
- Average IT downtime costs \$5,600/min
- Or \$336,000 per hour

Gartner





#### Our Solution Kinetic Mesh Networks

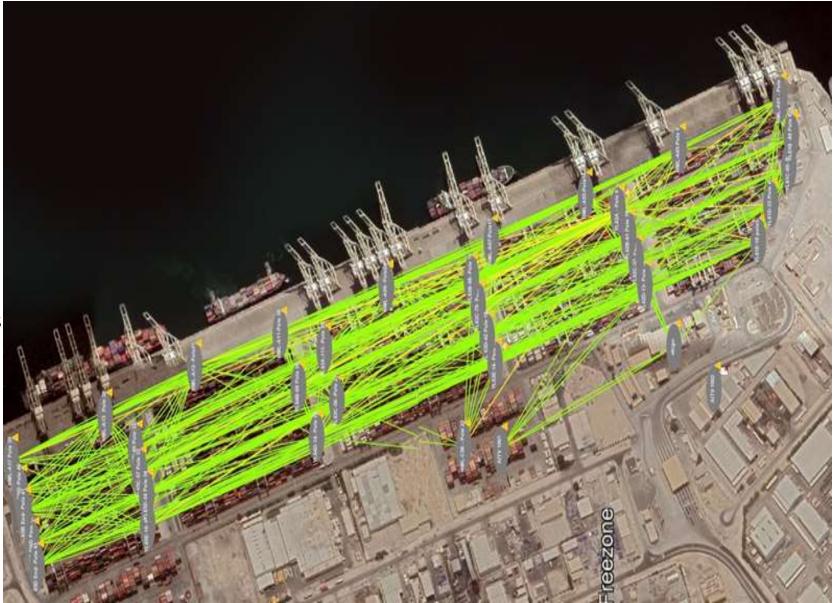
- Machine-to-machine communication
- Works in tandem with other networks
- Compatible with existing IoT Wi-Fi devices
- No routing changes needed
- Multi-radio
- Layer 2 Architecture





#### Rajant's Unique Approach Flexibility and Mobility

- Flexible and mobile nodes
- Endless combinations of connections
- Easily work around container stacks
- Extensible to other IoT devices like drones
   & robotics that extend network resiliency





### Case Study Kenya Ports Authority

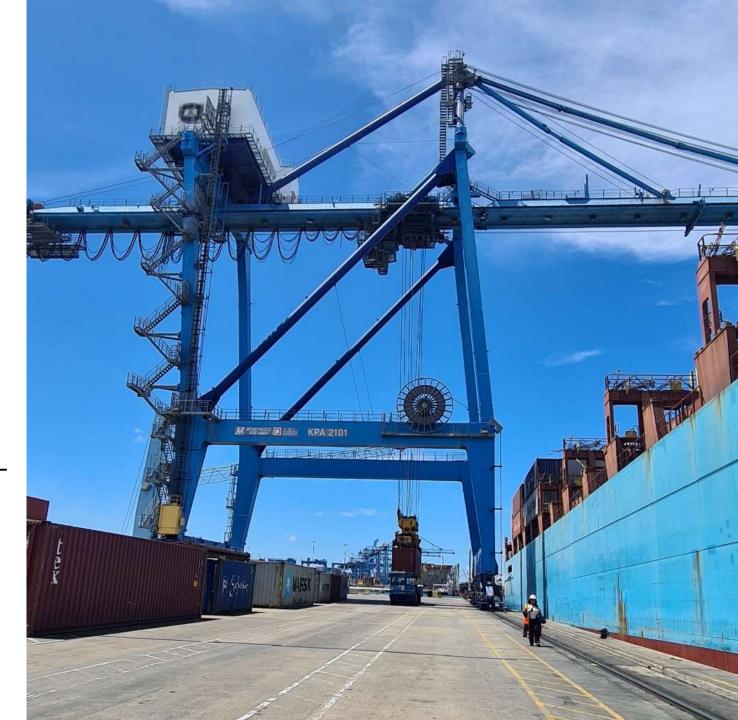
- Mombasa, Nairobi ICD & Lamu (new kid on the block)
- Mombasa 260 Network Nodes providing ubiquitous coverage:-
  - ~100 X Terminal Tractors 14 X Ship to Shore Cranes 48 X RTGs 6 X RMGs

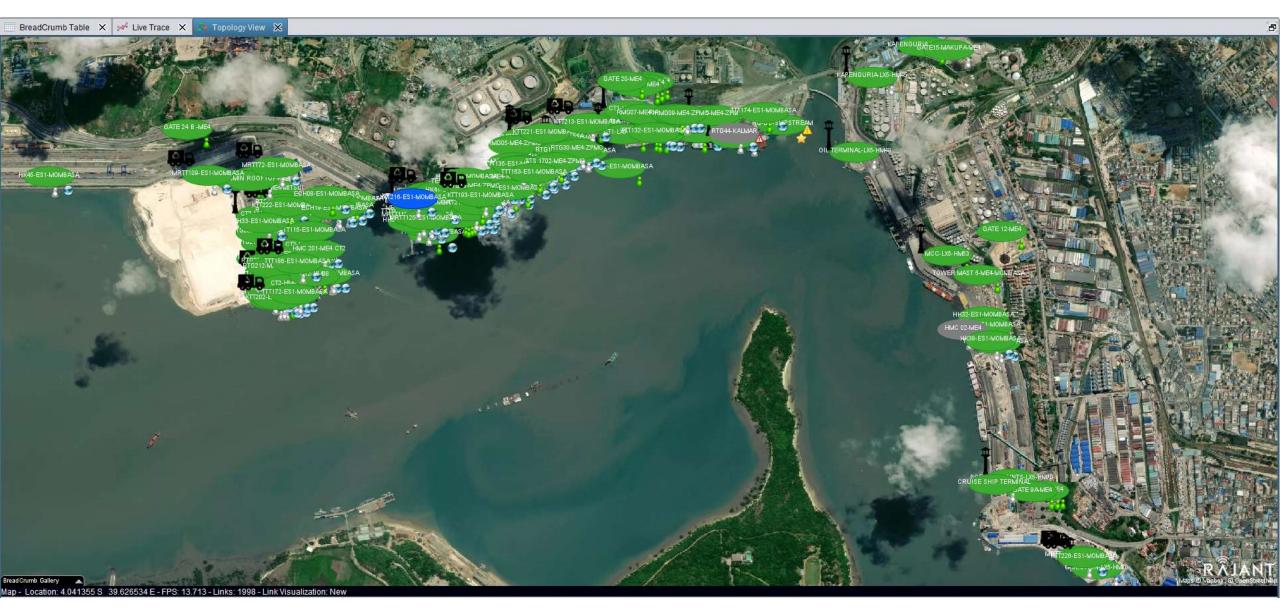
12 months total deployment incl. vehicle installs – during pandemic!

Future proof for new models – safeguards Rol





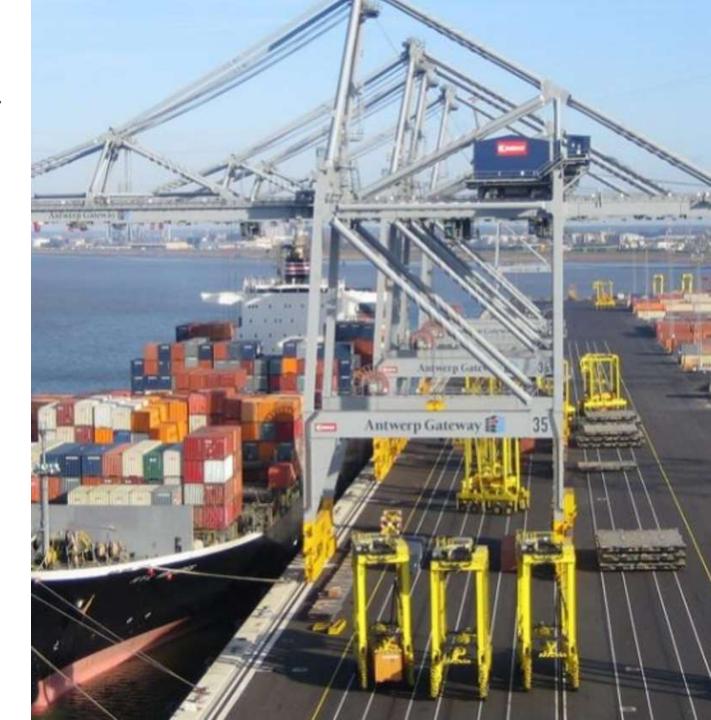




RÂJANT

#### Case Study DP World Antwerp Gateway

- Dealing with Wi-Fi radio interference caused by radar, ships, and neighboring ports, plus large metal container stacks limiting the line of site.
- Rajant connected 80 straddle carriers, 5 cranes, and
   7 light towers
- Applications include dispatch, operations, container location, fleet mgt., vehicle telemetry and health monitoring.







# Conclusion The Rajant Difference

- Routes round objects and interference
- Counteracts supply chain challenges with automation
- Supports automation with the most powerful proven network
- Reduces downtime and save \$336K/hour



