

## CONTENT

### Advantages Disadvantages Impact

### ADVANTAGES

- 1) New Technology
- 2) Speed
- **3) Increased Productivity**
- 4) Efficiency
- 5) Minimum Wastage
- 6) Accuracy
- 7) Real Time Information

- 8) Automation
- 9) Better connectivity

**10)Customer Satisfaction** 

11)Competitiveness

12)Better Profit

### DISADVANTAGES

- 1) Adaptability
- 2) Heavy Investment
- 3) Retrenchment
- 4) Training
- 5) Slow Return on Investment
- 6) Infrastructure
- 7) Resources

#### **APPLICABILITY**

#### **BIG DATA**

Big Data techniques are being applied in manufacturing industries. This improve customer experience and product quality, improve efficiency and help to conduct predictive maintenance.

Able to collect data from different sources to direct decision that anticipate product or equipment failure.



#### **BLOCKCHAIN**

Sharing Information with Blockchain providers improve efficiency and easy for the right people to access critical data to improve the flow of information within an organization and among stakeholders. It is an open ledger and transparent.



#### INTERNET OF THINGS

Works with sensor to sensor combined with other technologies such as Al Artificial Intelligence and Big Data to envisage autonomous system in manufacturing. Real time information enables decision making.



#### **CLOUD COMPUTING**

Technologies made available to smaller companies with minimum capital investment. Companies can leverage cloud based product design, simulation, artificial intelligence and big Data solution. Improve production process and customers need.



#### **BIG DATA**

Access to Information Connectivity with Stakeholders / Team Faster Decision Making Reduce Time ascertaining information



#### **SMART FACTORY**

Seamless connectivity

Processes

Autonomous adaptability

Robot (AMR) Autonomous Mobile Robot



#### **CYBER PHYSICAL SYSTEM**

- Integration of Computation, networking
- and physical process
- Software interpret action
- Tracking

#### **INTERNET OF THINGS**

Mobile

Virtual

Instantaneous connect



#### INTEROPERABILITY

Connection of Cyber – physical system

**Human and Smart Factories** 

**Error - Free Transmission and Translation** 



#### **BLOCKCHAIN**

Improve productivity

Profitability

Procurement

**Information Sharing** 

**Supplier Selection** 

**Smart Contracts** 

#### Tamper – proof Contracts

#### Automatically Implement Terms of Multiple Agreement



Purchase Order Shipping Notification Inventory Management Manufacturing Information Access to right people

Traceability, Tracking production and procurement

Transparency with stakeholders

**Improve Accountability** 

**Reduce Risk** 

**Consumer Awareness** 



#### **BENEFITS**

Help planning Improve productivity Reduce lead time Increase competitiveness Reduce maintenance cost Improve Profit



#### **CHALLENGES**

High Investment Adaptability to Technology Retraining

Retrenchment

Social liability

Hiring skilled workforce

Financial burden for medium and small entities

#### TRADITIONAL SUPPLY CHAIN



LSP Logistic Service Providers

#### **DIGITAL SUPPLY CHAIN**



#### **FUTURE DIGITAL SUPPLY CHAIN**



## 20 Million Factory Jobs will be replaced by Robots by 2030

Source – Oxford Economics



## Thank you



# **Qand A**

