



Practical remarks on the implementation of the VBM concept in port authorities

Riga, 26 September 2018



External port







External port

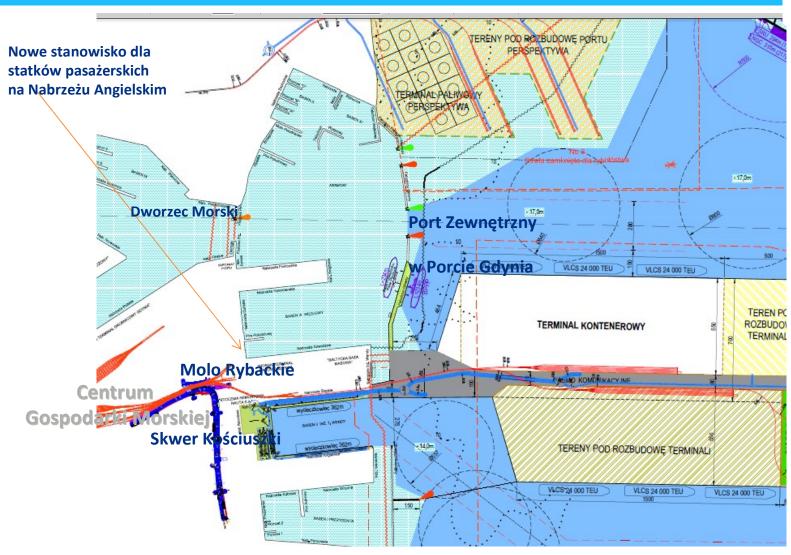






External Port – Options







How should we measure the value generated by our port?

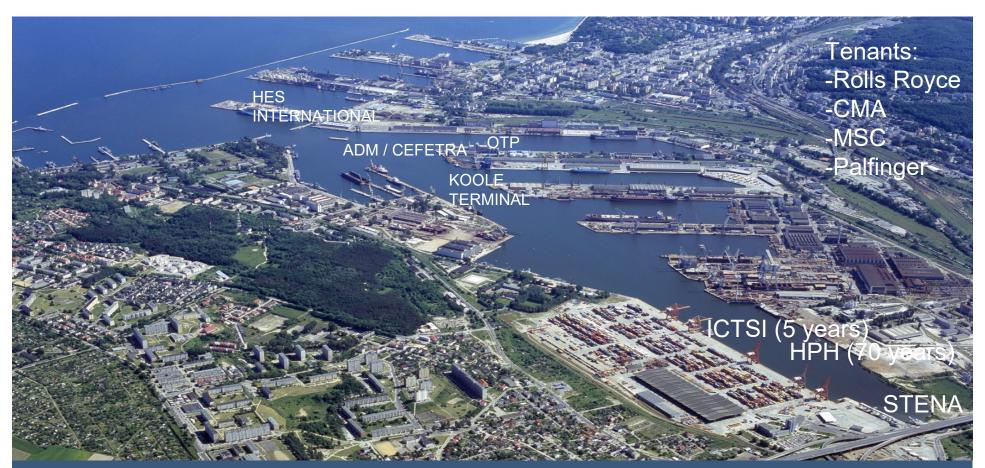
- 1. Consolidated net profit (€18m), EBITDA (€28m) and investments in infrastructure (€240m over the next 3 years), acquisition of EU funds.
- 2. Customs and duties collected for the state budget (only €1.6b).
- 3. Perpetual annuity (discounted cash flow value assuming high cost of capital of 9% (€220m).
- 4. Market value of assets (over €1b) with book value (equity ca €300m).
- 5. Added value impact for the whole economy (€3b / year). Increase in GDP, eomployment, quality of life and environment, economic NPV.



Practical remarks:

- In 2016 we officially started 2 new projects:
 - Implementation of the VBM concept;
 - Enterprise Risk Management ISO 31000 (the lower the enterprise risk, the higher the company value, lower cost of capital).
- New personnel (employees and external consultants);
- Changes of the organizational structure (Risk Management and Insurance Unit, VBM and Corporate Governance Unit);
- Project Managers reporting directly to the Board Member who is responsible for the projects;
- New software implemented (e-risk and Qvistorp);
- Budgets approved;
- RM policies and procedures are ready and were verified by the Auditor selected by our Supervisory Board (together with the first Risk Management Report for 2017);
- VBM policies and procedures being prepared by external advisors;
- Change from a static (department) approach to a dynamic (process) approach to VBM and RM (analyzinig processes and decision paths not separate operations).





The Port of Gdynia – key facts and figures:

- total port area: 755ha, including 493ha of land of which <u>only 280</u>ha is "owned"/administered by the Port of Gdynia Authority.
- max. draught along quays: 13m,
- total length of quays: 12km,
- 2,500m long external breakwater,
- maritime entrance to the port: 150m wide with a draught of 14m,

The Port of Gdynia Authority

99,5% state-owned joint-stock company with strictly defined and limited scope of activities:

- management of land and port infrastructure located within the administrative jurisdiction of the port,
- forecasting, programming and port development planning,
- construction, reconstruction, maintenance, and modernization of port infrastructure,
- acquisition of land for port development purposes,
- provision of services related to the use of port infrastructure,
- charging port fees,
- ship waste collection and management.

Benefits:

- CIT exemption (conditional),
- no real estate tax on public infrastructure,
- 10-times lower perpetual usufruct fees.

Market value of assets: ca €1,2b, yearly sales: €43m, yearly profit: €18m.

No dividends paid out.

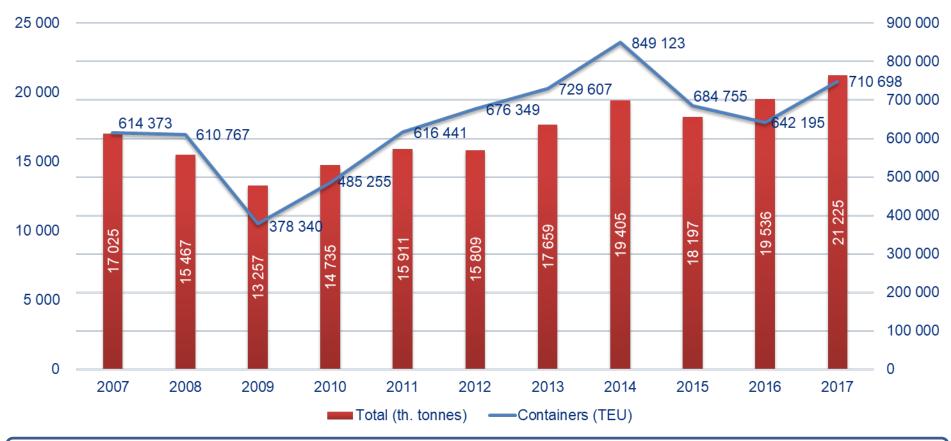
Planned investments in the port infrastructure within the next 3 years €240m (€50m land acquisition).

Major port extension project: €1b – €1,5b (within 8-10 years).



Cargo Handling



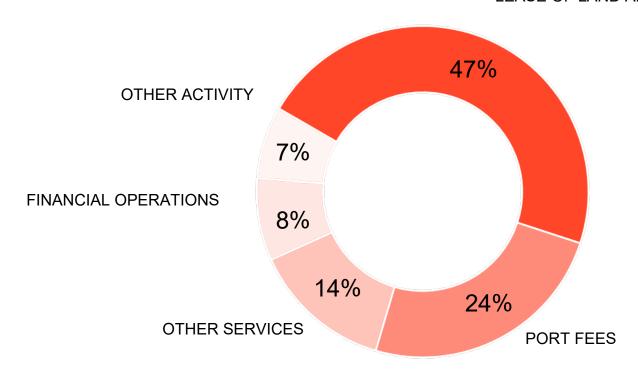


 $Structure\ of\ cargo\ (2017):\ coal-10.1\%,\ ore-0.1\%,\ other\ bulk-5.1\%,\ agro-16.4\%,\ timber-1.1\%,\ general\ cargo-58.7\%,\ oil\ products-8.6\%,\ agro-16.4\%,\ timber-1.1\%,\ t$

		y/y dynamics 2017/2016	
	Gdynia	108.6% (12% in 2018)	
	Gdańsk	108.9%	
	Szczecin - Świnoujście	105.4%	www.port.gdynia.pl

Sources of income

LEASE OF LAND AND PREMISES



Balanced currency structure: 50% PLN, 35% EUR, 15% USD Solvency (equity/total assets) 80%, Liquidity (current assets/current liabilities) 40 Profitability of sales (net profit/sales) 42%



ROTTERDAM Port Performance Indicators:

Beginning of XX c.:

- Number of calls,
- Cargo handling statistics (throughput).

1990:

- Employment at the port and related businesses,
- Added value.

2002:

- Increase of throughput,
- Profitability of companies operating at the port.

2003:

- Level of investments of private companies operating at the port.

2004:

- Number of new companies established at the port.



PPRISM - Port Performance Indicators PPI

Co-ordinated by the EUROPEAN SEA PORTS ORGANIZATION (ESPO) + 5 Universities

- 338 questionnaires
- Experts assessment / modifications / additional assessment
- 58 ports tested the results
- 5 sets of PPI:
 - Market structure and trends (number and sizes of calls)
 - Socio-economic indicators (investments, employment, staff training)
 - Environmental indicators (energy efficiency, pollution monitoring)
 - Operational indicators (punctuality of calls, availability of PCS)
 - Corporate governance indicators (integration of entities operatin in the port, CSR formal reporting)







We warmly invite you to Gdynia to the 3rd Baltic Ports and Shipping Exhibition & Conference in October 2019







Thank you for your attention

