

From friendly competition to adaptation & efficient cooperation



Summary

- The importance of maritime transport for containers & focus on the Indian Ocean
- Outlook: Liner & Cruise Services
- What about Ports?
- Adapting to changes & nurturing efficient cooperation (2 examples)
- Conclusion





Major Global Maritime Trade Routes: The importance of maritime transport

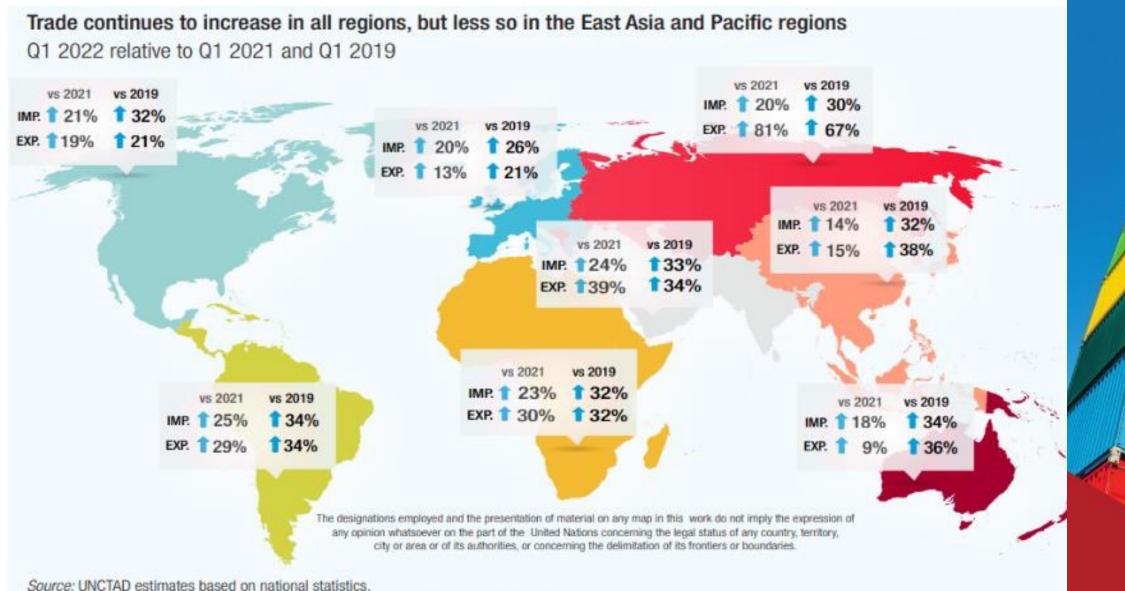


849 MILLION TEUS

GLOBAL TRADE VOLUME 2021
USD 28.5 TRILLION

Source IAPH / Unctad

The importance of maritime transport & trend



Note: Changes are year-over year. Data excludes intra-EU trade. Data does not include trade in services.

However...Liner Services (containers)



Port Calls in the SW Indian Ocean

Countries 2020 / 2021

Comoros: 156 / 122

Kenya: 1849 / 1897

Madagascar: 664 / 719

Mauritius: 1005 / 1041

Mayotte: 102 / 88

Mozambique: 2019 / 1981

Reunion: 507 / 494

Seychelles: 301 / 198

Somalia: 651 / 652

South Africa: 7836 / 7194

Tanzania: 1457 / 1290



TEUS (2019 & 2020) in the SW Indian Ocean

Comoros: unknown

Kenya: 1.425.000 / 1.311.000

Madagascar: 199.712 (2019)

Mauritius: 469.011 / 438.078

Mayotte: 74.491 / 80.258

Mozambique: 427.300 / 437.128

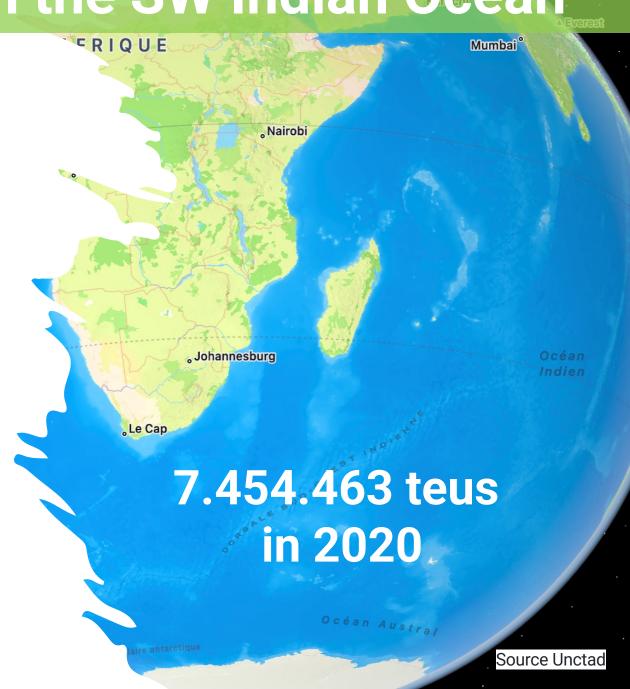
Reunion: 375.074 / 365.975

Seychelles: 154.423

Somalia: 92.238 (2019)

South Africa: 4.592.200 / 4.029.000

Tanzania: 405.775 / 363.024



Shipping Lines & orders (containers)



Alphaliner TOP 100 / 05 Dec 2022



Global figures





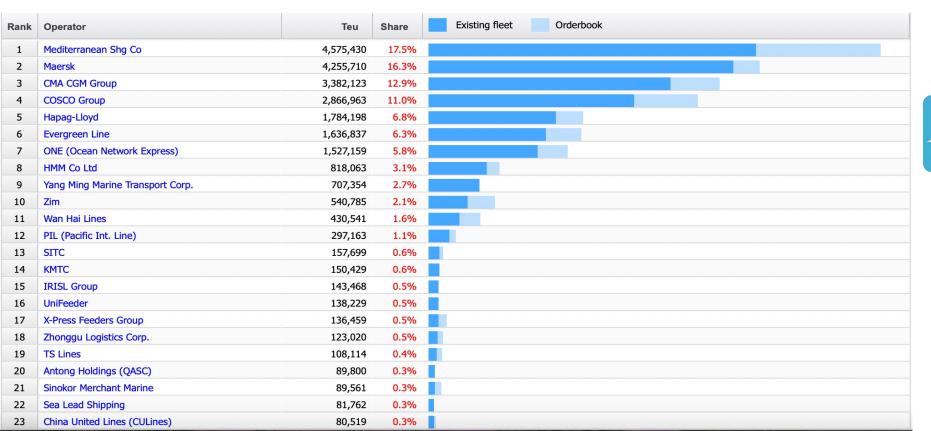


Figures are consolidated

Regional Trades weekly capacities

Trans-Pacific
Feast-Europe

172,949 TEU **554,923** TEU **419,681** TEU







Cruise Ships in Service

From 12 brands & 15 ships in March 2021

To

85 brands & 375 ships in Nov. 2022

With a linear average capacity of 1600 & 1700



Cruise Industry Restart Tracking

In Service Capacity Data	Cruise Brands	Cruise Ships	Total Berths	Average Capacity Per Ship
November 2022	85	375	613,304	1,635
October 2022	83	371	596,625	1,609
September 2022	88	388	594,697	1,533
August 2022	90	389	592,249	1,522
July 2022	86	381	585,010	1,535
June 2022	83	365	575,558	1,577
May 2022	82	347	550,937	1,588
April 2022	71	300	504,864	1,683
March 2022	68	264	461,730	1,749
February 2022	64	230	420,711	1,829
January 2022	68	242	433,999	1,793
December 2021	68	239	425,880	1,782
November 2021	64	230	392,685	1,707
October 2021	65	206	353,186	1,714
September 2021	64	205	326,191	1,591
August 2021	65	190	276,336	1,454
July 2021	50	140	182,077	1,301
June 2021	28	74	85,262	1,152
May 2021	20	48	51,570	1,074
April 2021	16	22	27,308	1,241
March 2021	12	15	25,607	1,707

Source: Cruise Industry News

Cruise ship order books, deliveries & capacity

80 new ships delivered between 2022 & 2028

2022: 19 ships - 100 to 5400

2023: 18 ships - 100 to 5610

2024: 14 ships - 200 to 5410

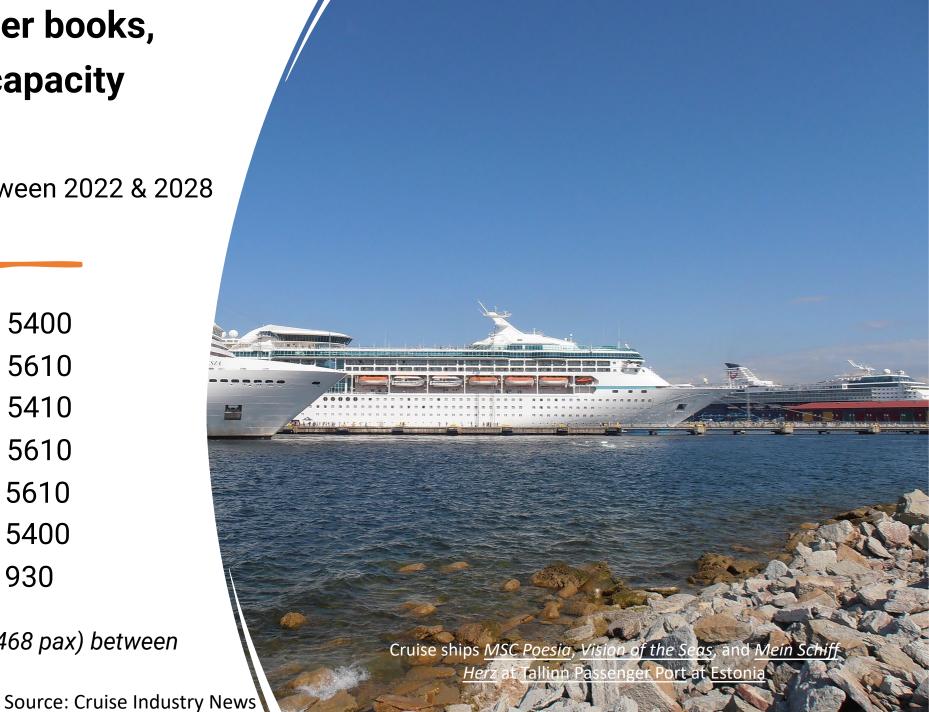
2025: 15 ships - 180 to 5610

2026: 6 ships - 922 to 5610

2027: 5 ships - 922 to 5400

2028: 3 ships - 922 to 930

Plus 18 coastal ships (109 to 468 pax) between 2022 & 2028



Shipping lines overall

- A dynamic industry despite trade trend
- It is said that 50% of the new orders will involve clean energy (LNG, Methanol as dual fuel...)
- 6.2m TEU capacity are scheduled to be delivered during the 2022-2024 period
- 80 new cruise ships are being delivered between 2022 and 2028!





WHAT ABOUT PORTS?

A complex environment & strong challenges

→ They are sometimes competing

→ 80% of global cargo trade: maritime transport

→ Global warming: rise of sea levels 1,1 to 2 m by 2100 putting several ports at risks

→ Maritime transport: 3% of global CO2 emissions, + 32% over past 20 yrs; 17% expected by 2050!

→ Ports are expected be green & smart!

WHAT ABOUT PORTS?

• On the land side, the Port's eco-system includes the surrounding population.

• Pollution is a major issue, specially when the port is close to the city.

• Land side operations are also a source of pollution (terminal operation equipment, trucks, cars...)

 Safety & security are major issues in ports for passengers, ships & cargo



ALREADY FACING THE FUTURE TODAY?

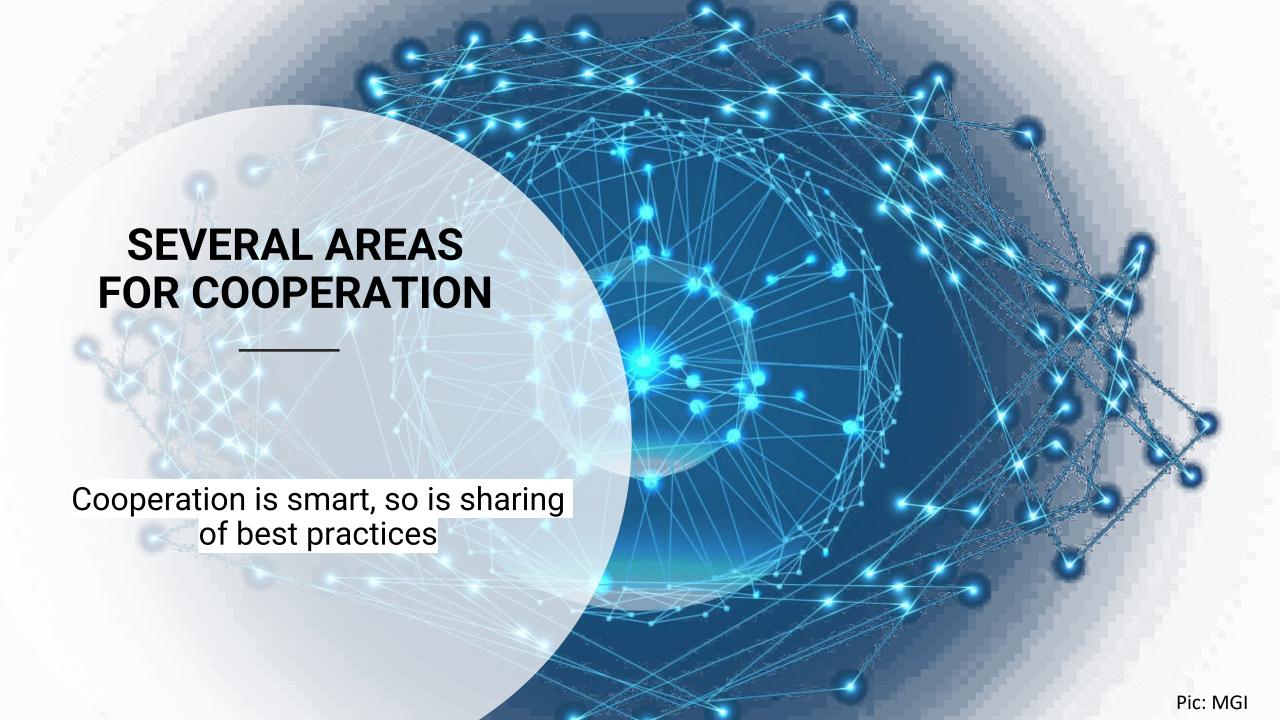
A dynamic industry that has to comply with stringent international regulations

Potential mandatory local regulations

Sustainability in all operations to become compulsory: Be green & be smart...

→ The good news: Several areas for cooperation...





Cooperation in the Cruise industry



COOPERATION THROUGH SHARING BEST PRACTICES

ON SHORE POWER SUPPLY & COLD IRONINGTO REDUCE CARBON EMISSIONS

CLEAN ENERGY SOURCING:

Electricity as OPS: Industrial electricity grid if renewable, Solar Energy, Tidal Energy, Hydro Energy (when available),

Reduction in carbon emissions for the vessel and port environment, reduction in noise,

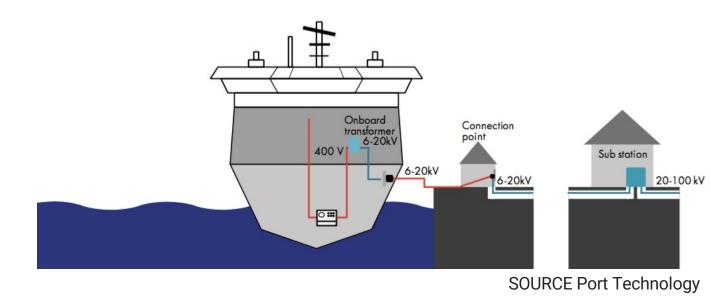
Improvement of the working environment of seafarers onboard the vessel and onshore,

However, cost, suitability according to vessel types... can hinder the process.

The <u>European Alternative Fuels Observatory defines OPS</u> as:

Ships can shut down their engines while berthed and plug into an onshore power source, the ship's power load is transferred to the onshore power supply without disruption to onboard services.

Emissions to the local surroundings are eliminated.



COOPERATION THROUGH SHARING BEST PRACTICES

If Adaptation means resilience, flexibility & acceptance of changes, COOPERATION is vital to adapt efficiently!

Stronger together, for effiency and mutual benefits!

2 examples:

- → Ports cooperating in the Mediterranean
- → Shipping professionals teaming up in France



Example 1: The MedPorts Association

An Executive Committee & 6 Technical Committees



Employment, Training, Maritime Expertise

Relations with International Institutions

Safety & Security

Smart Port

Statistics & Marketing Analysis

Sustainability



Example 2: The French Maritime Cluster

The maritime eco-system, ranging from industry to services of all nature.

430 entities: companies of all sizes, public institutions, training bodies, including the French navy

2019: several major actors created the « Coalition for Eco-Energetic Transition in the Maritime Industry

 \rightarrow T2EM





CARBON NEUTRALITY BY 2050, INITIATIVE DEPLOYED IN FRANCE BY THE « Cluster Maritime français »

THE INSTITUTE « MEET2050 » TO OPERATE THE « 0 EMISSION PROGRAM »

COMMON STUDIES WITH KPIs & METHODS

MUTUALISING R&D & ACCELERATING PILOTS

SOURCING INNOVATIONS
& INVESTMENTS



0 EMISSION SHIPS&PORTS 2035 PROGRAM



T2EM Coalition partners & Contributors:

→ Created the "MEET 2050 INSTITUTE"

&

→ Will operate the Ships & Ports ZERO Emission Program



In the Indian Ocean...



L'AIVP signe un partenariat ambitieux pour la transition écologique des ports de l'Océan Indien

Great achievements under the auspices of the APIOI.

Going further on topics that will quickly become crucial for ports world-wide

IOC: Indian Ocean as a peace zone, role for ports

Sustainability and smartness...

To Conclude...





Global economic activities are governed by ports, where are concentrated all kinds of activities and transport:

Maritime sector (ship calls and other maritime services)

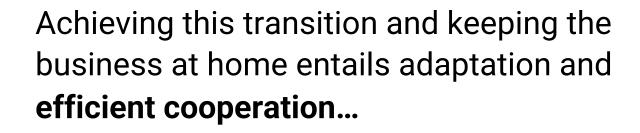
Land based activities (stevedoring, container depots, trucking...)

Trains / Barges

Ensure that port activities within the port boundaries are as much as possible respectful of the environment & find ways to better integrate the port activity in « urban » areas

Manage sensitive issues such as safety & security for passengers and cargo.

What will be the new requirements for these LNG or methane powered ships in the future?



Mutual exchange of information between all actors involved in the global supply chain and sharing of best practices:

→ Ports actors, maritime sector and related service providers, operators of the supply chains, specialized public institutions, governments...

A must: smooth access to real data, through efficient digitalization processes.

Pic: MGI





Thank you for your attention

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