

APM Terminals Poti

Winning Together in the Middle Corridor

Iain Rawlinson
21st October 2021



 **APM TERMINALS**
Lifting Global Trade

Agenda

- APM Terminals Poti
- Rate developments – 2020-2021
- Appetite for Caucasus/Central Asian market
- Opportunities to grow:
 - Trade data Caucasus
 - Trade data Central Asia
 - Routes to market
- Conclusion



APM Terminals

FY 2020 Company Fact Sheet

Lifting Global Trade

At APM Terminals, our aim is to be the port services and container terminal solution provider of choice for our customers.

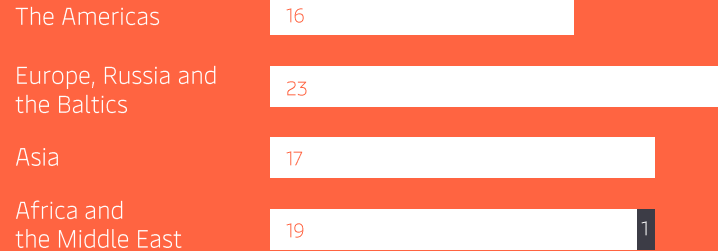
We take a continuous improvement approach to operations and service delivery in order to provide the most efficiency to customers' supply chains.

We invest in and optimize our portfolio to be in the locations where consumers need us most.

We are part of A.P. Moller – Maersk, an integrated container logistics company and member of the A.P. Moller Group. Connecting and simplifying trade to help our customers grow and thrive.

Diversified Global Portfolio

Number of terminals



Existing terminals New terminal projects

Portfolio At-a-Glance

11.5m

Moves in FY 2020

32,000+

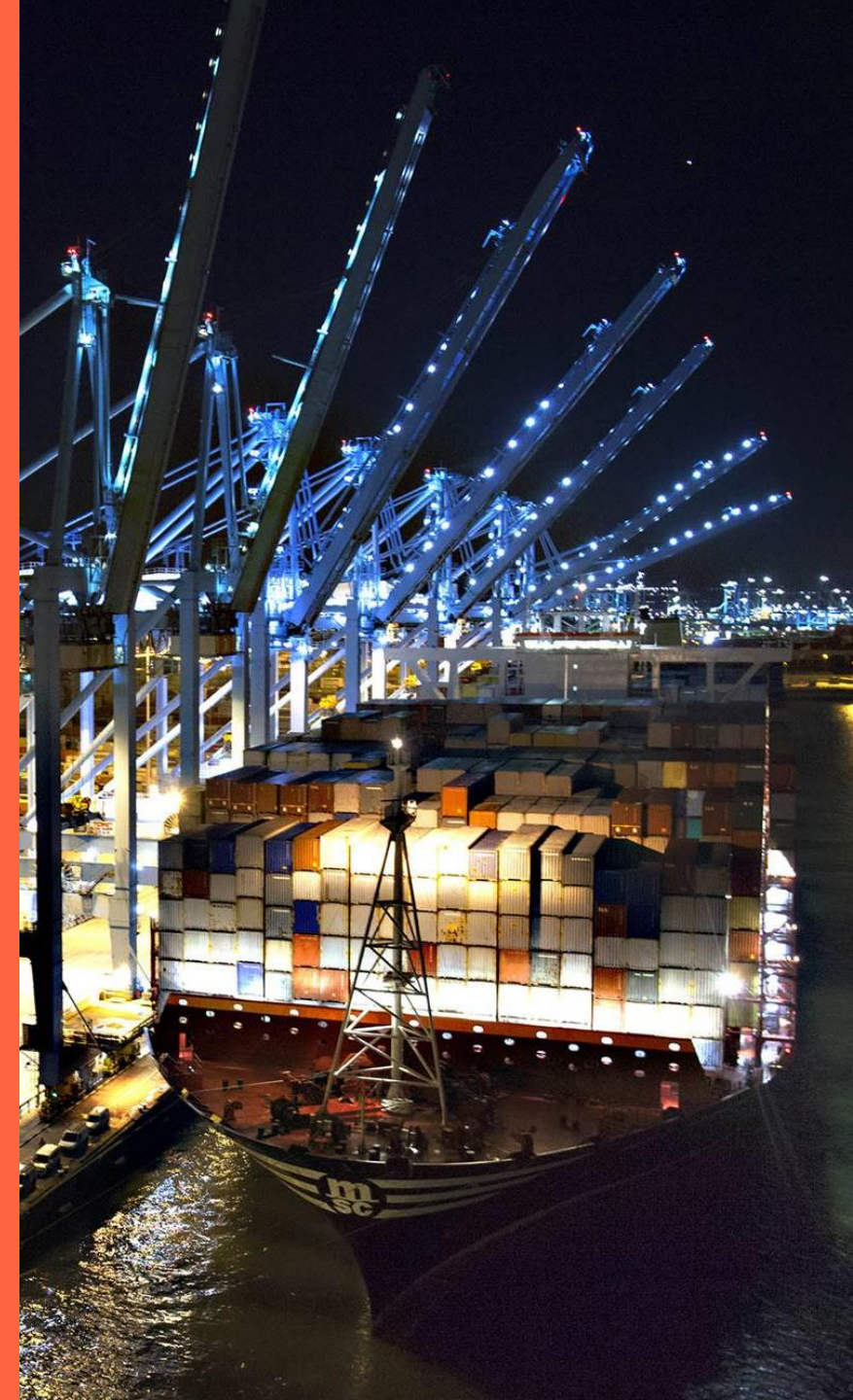
Vessel calls in FY 2020

75

Operating port facilities
1 new port project
10 port facility expansions

20,000+

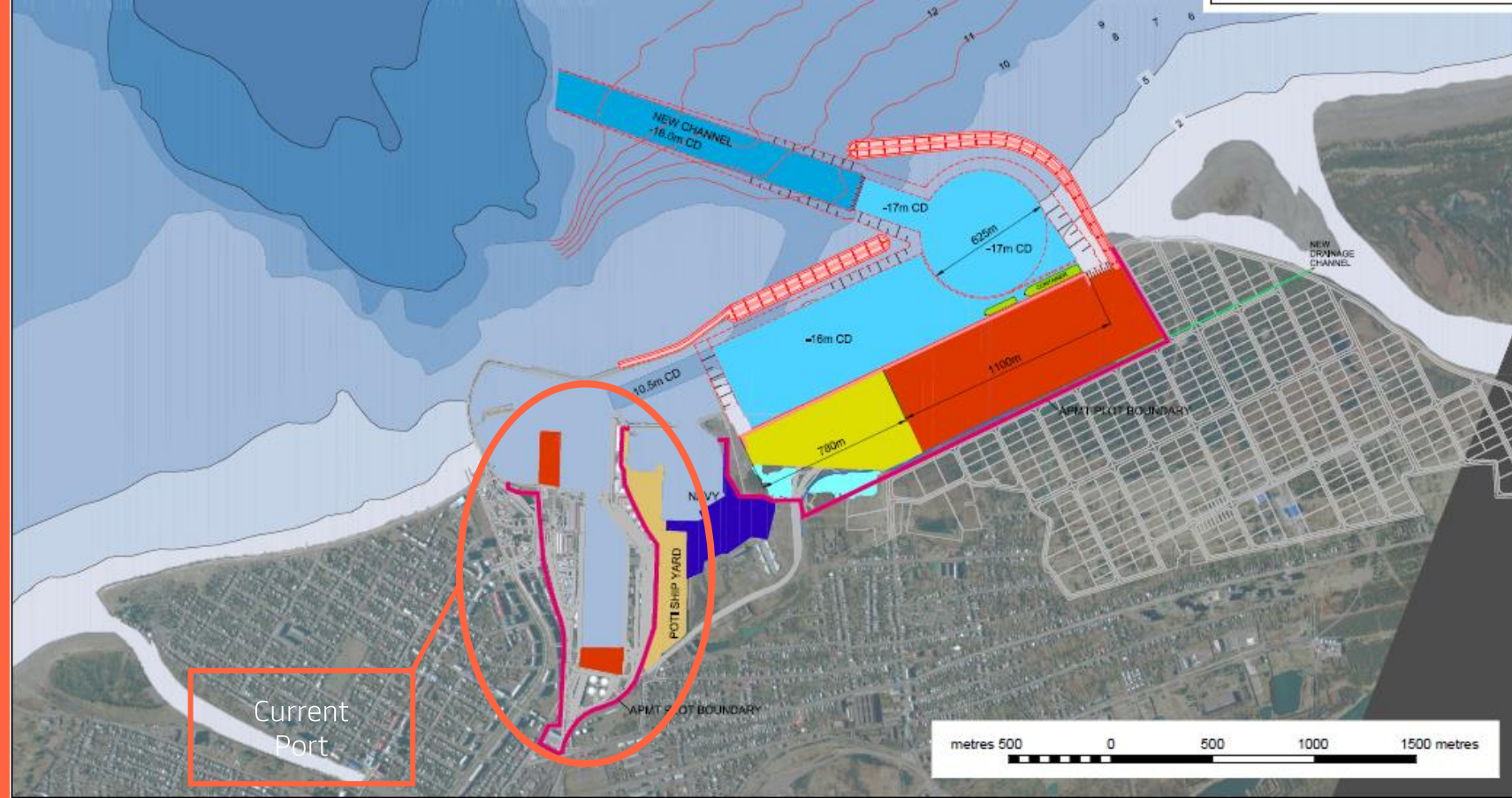
Employees
In 42 countries



APM Terminals Poti - Today and Tomorrow



APM Terminals Poti



Multipurpose port, operating since 1858

35 Ha land

900m Multipurpose Berths

8.5m depth

5 Quay Cranes

550k TEU capacity

USD 300m Investment (all phases)

100 Ha land

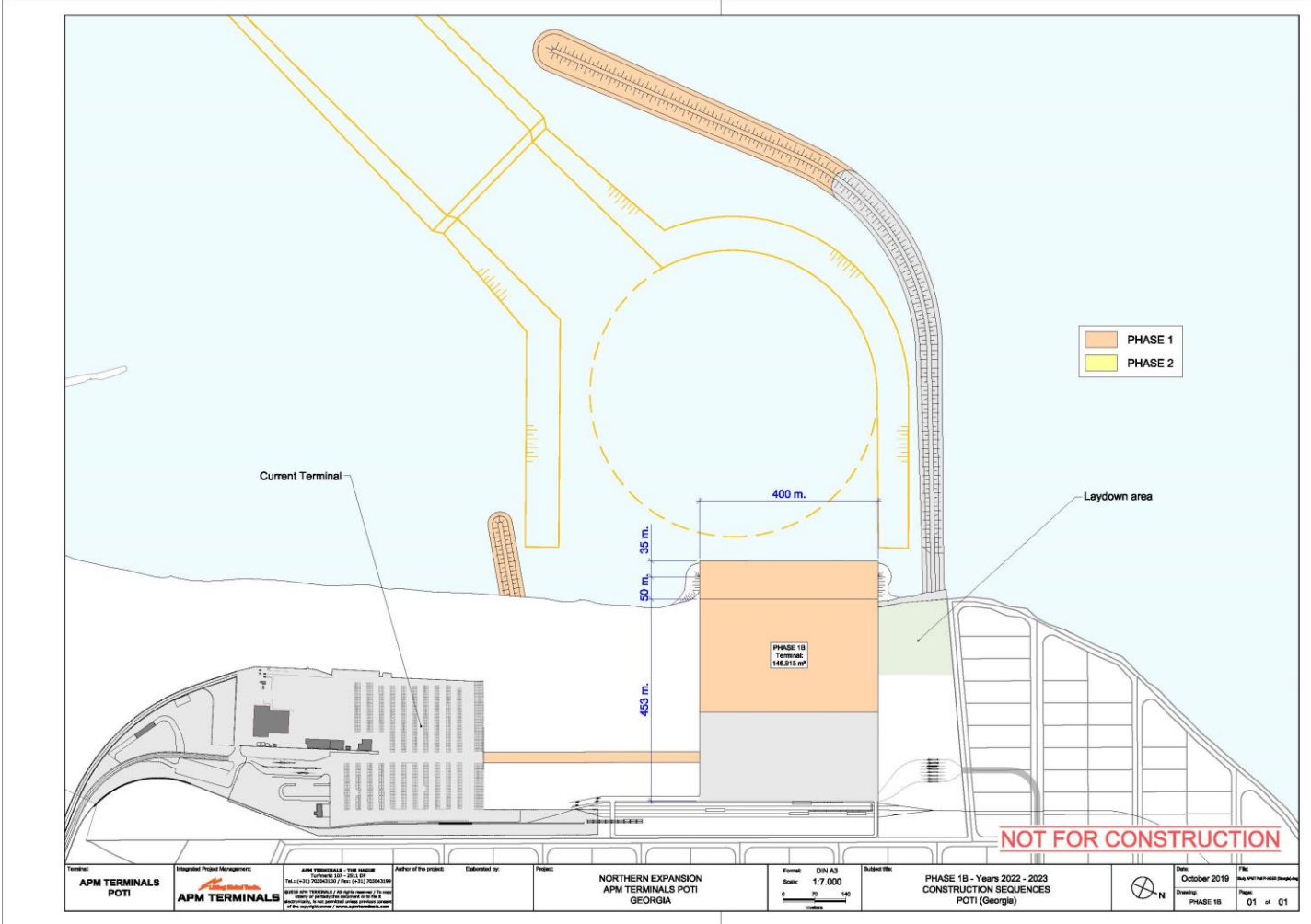
1600m Multipurpose Berth

15m Depth

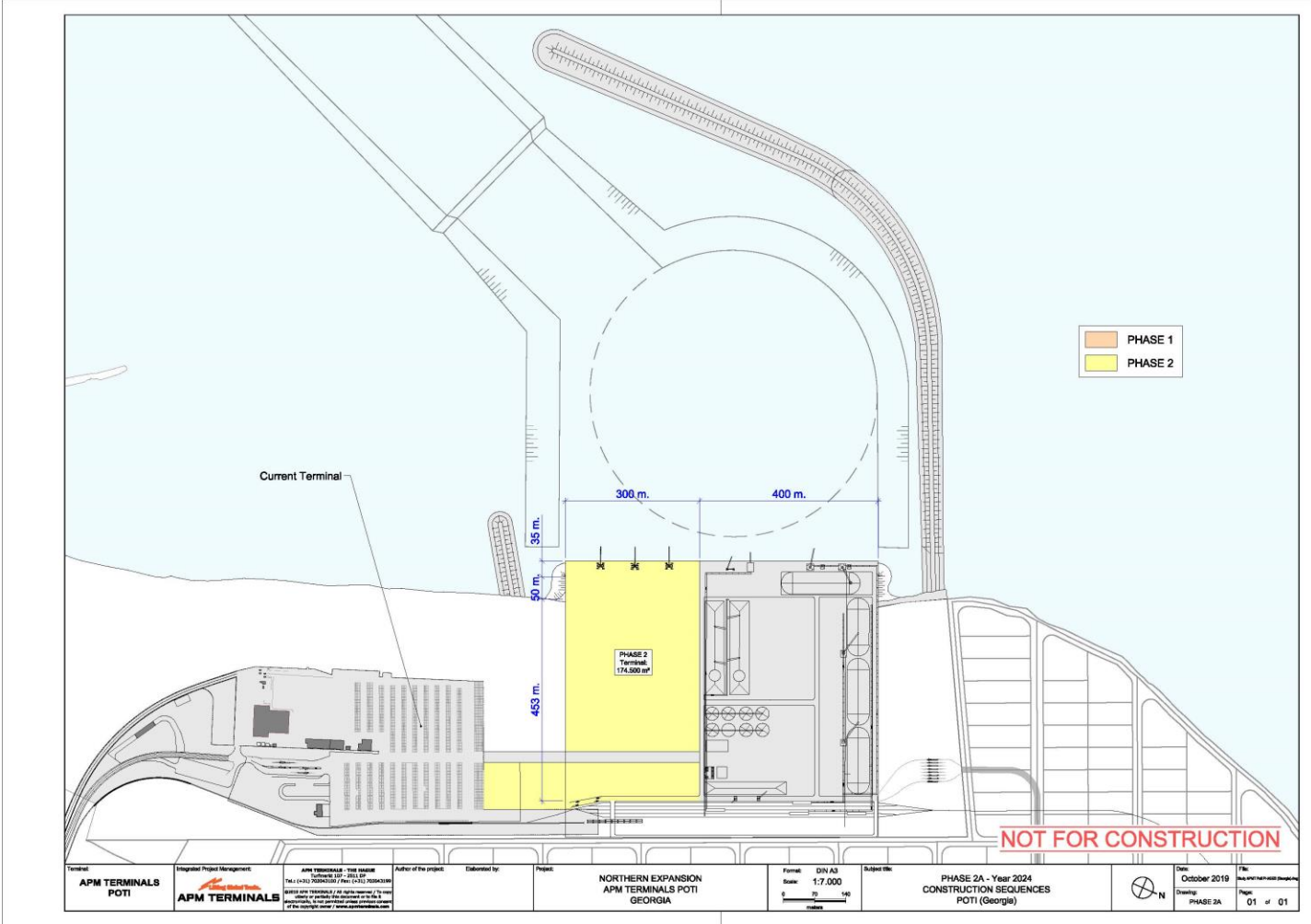
8 Quay Cranes

1.1M TEU Capacity

Construction Sequence 2021-2023



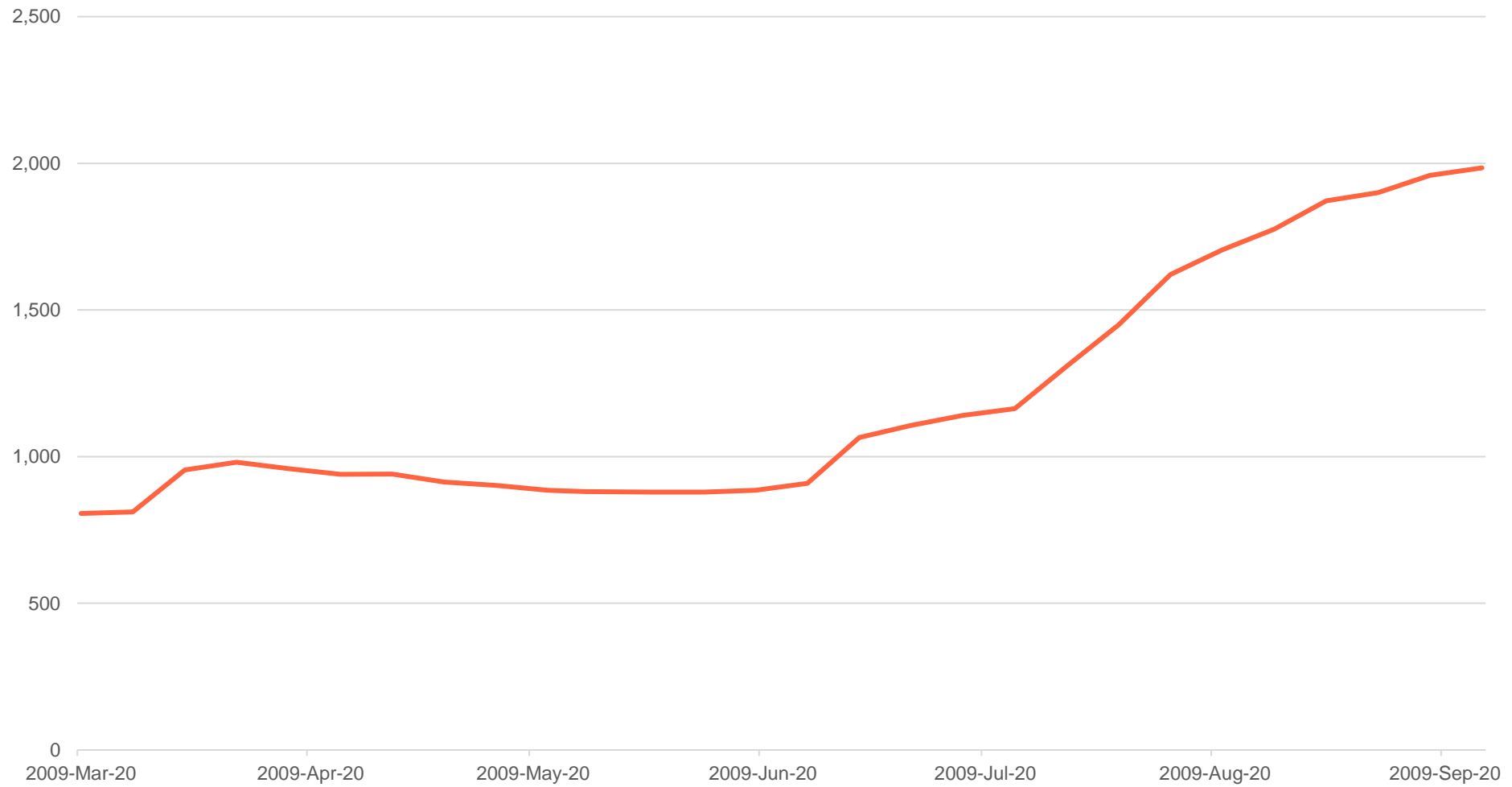
Construction Sequence 2024-2025



Rates and what they mean



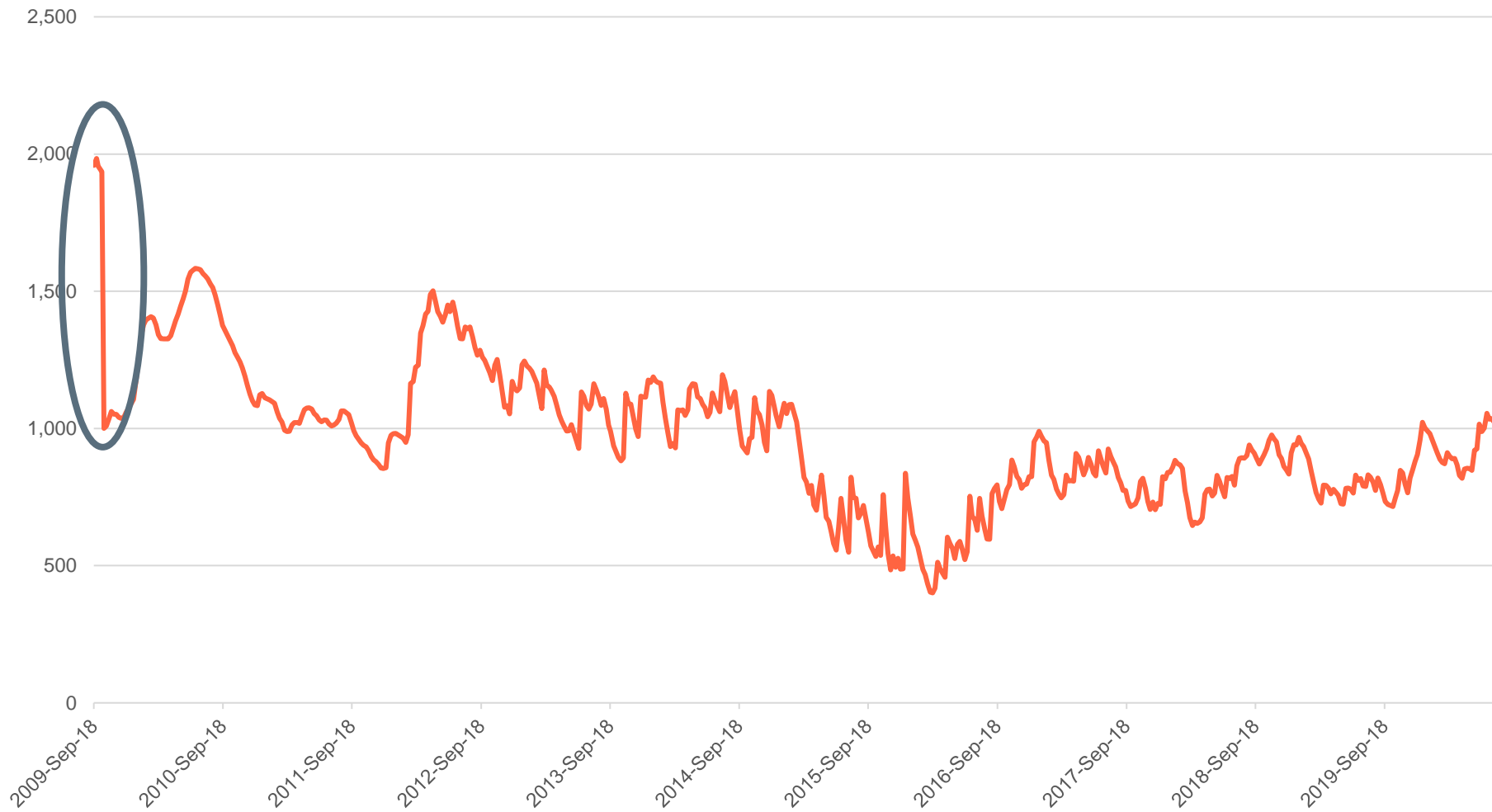
SCFI 2009



Source: Shanghai Containerised Freight Index

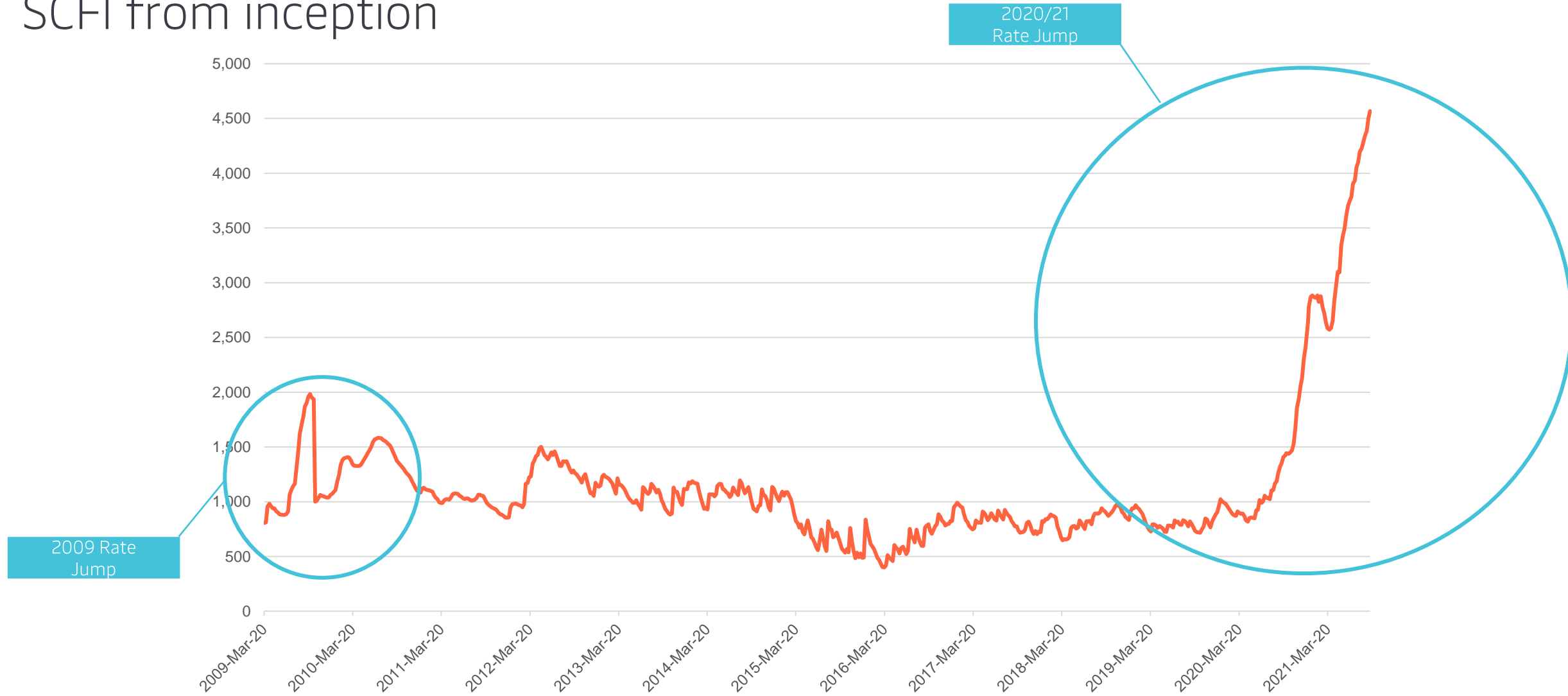
9

SCFI 2009 - 2019



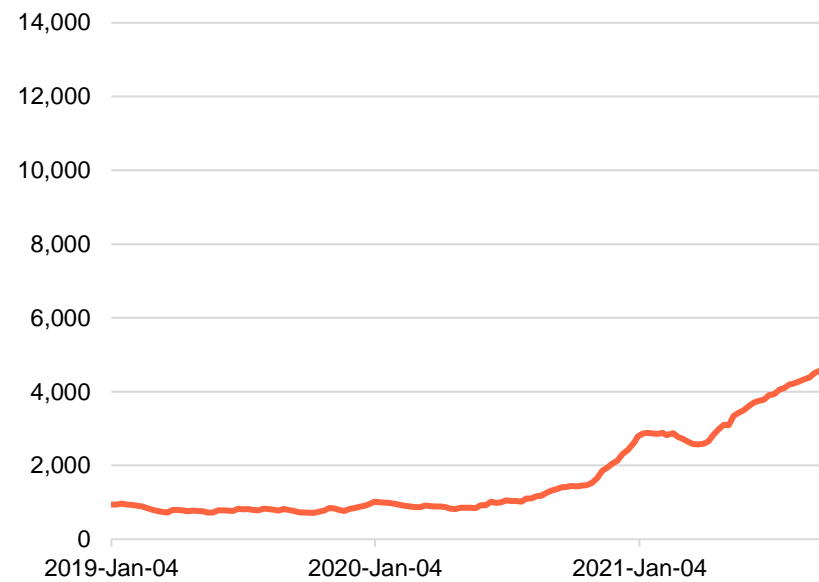
Source: Shanghai Containerised Freight Index

SCFI from inception



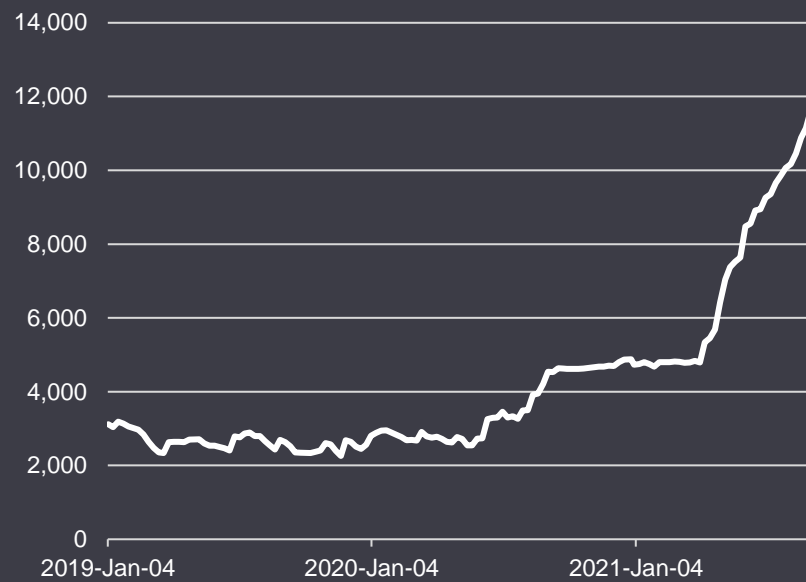
Source: Shanghai Containerised Freight Index

SCFI Comp 2019 - 2021

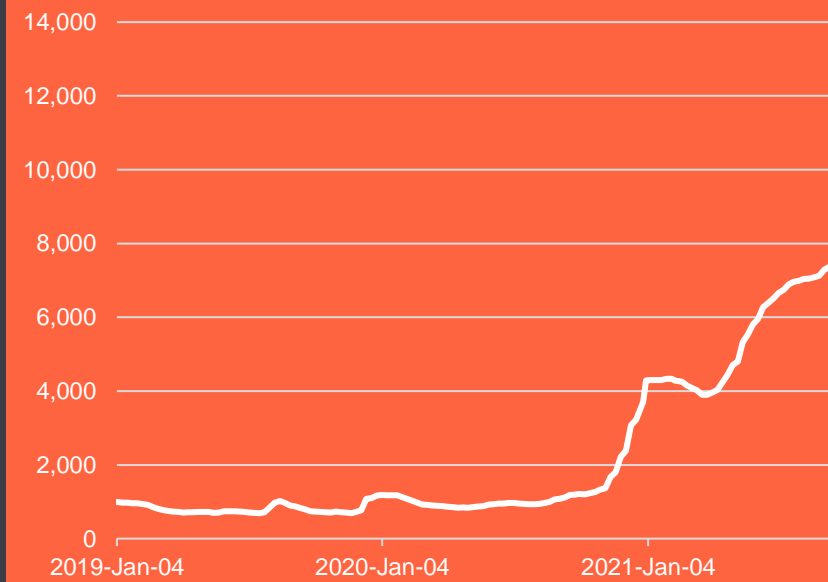


Source: Shanghai Containerised Freight Index

SCFI USEC 2019 - 2021



SCFI Med 2019 - 2021



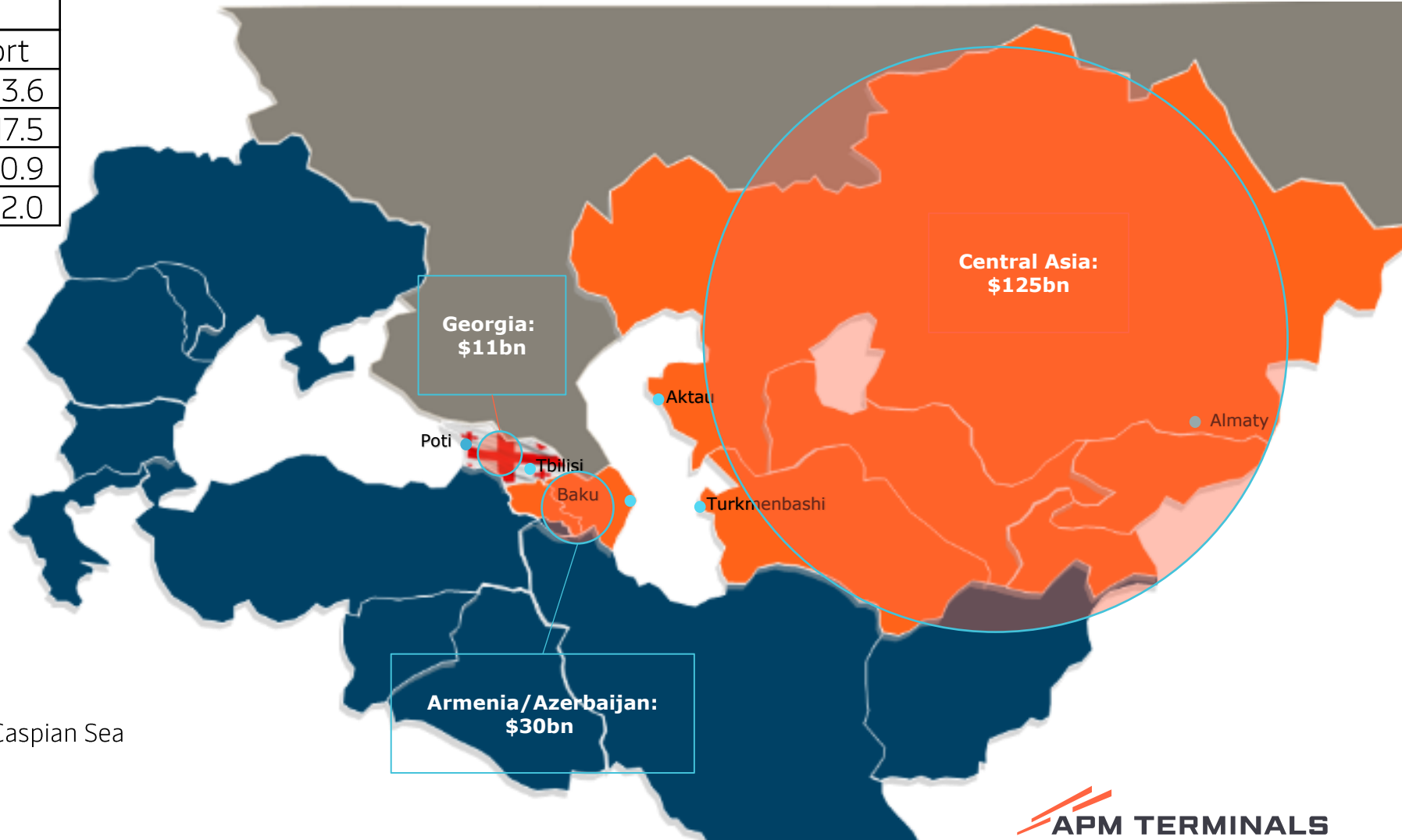
The Middle Corridor



Market & Challenges

Regional Trade Data (*)		
USD billion	Import	Export
Georgia	7.4	3.6
Armenia/Azerbaijan	12.8	17.5
Central Asia	54.4	70.9
Total	74.6	92.0

- ✓ Attractive regional supply/demand balance
- ✓ Hinterland market has shown strong growth since 2000 with further attractive growth prospects
- ✓ Container penetration rate extremely low (<1% in Central Asia)
- ✓ Georgian gateway is geographically and infrastructurally superior
- ✗ Lack of regional inland infrastructure creates equipment imbalance
- ✗ Rail network uncommercial
- ✗ Lack of reliable container connections across Caspian Sea



* Source: CIA Factbook. All trade including oil

Current State

Primary Transport Routes:

- Via Russia – rail
- Via Turkey – road
- Via Volga Don channel (summer months) – barge/truck
- Via Iran – road
- Via China – rail (block train)

Three Main Ports on Caspian currently serve as gateways:

- Baku – Azerbaijan
- Aktau – Kazakhstan
- Turkmenbashi – Turkmenistan

Kazakh Trade is centred on Capital:

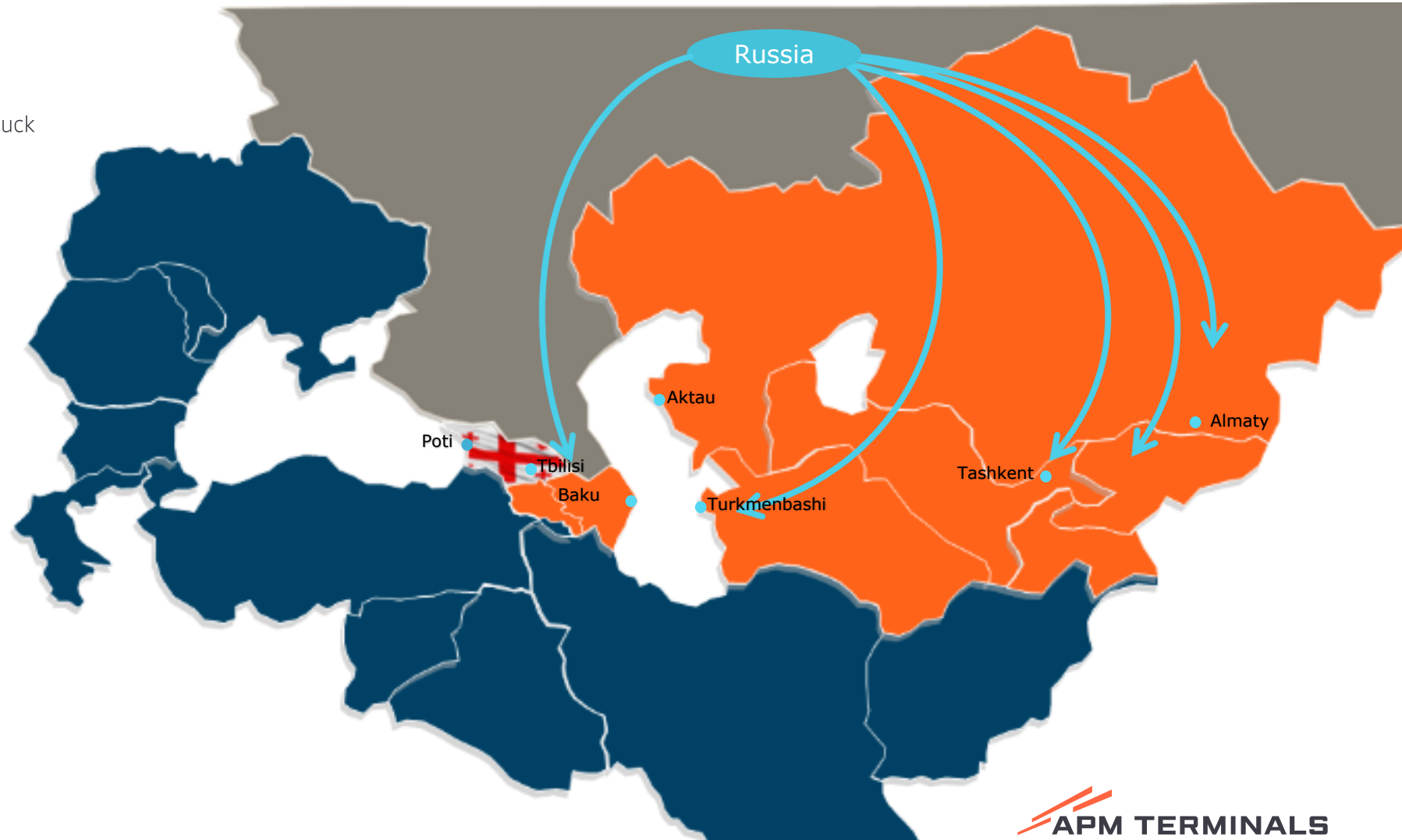
- Kazakhstan - Almaty

Limited container infrastructure:

- Most common containerisable commodities handled in rail wagons or trucks

Inability to Triangulate Containers:

- Leads to high export costs by sea
- Full cycle cost removes container competitiveness
- Long turnaround time reduces market attractiveness to carriers



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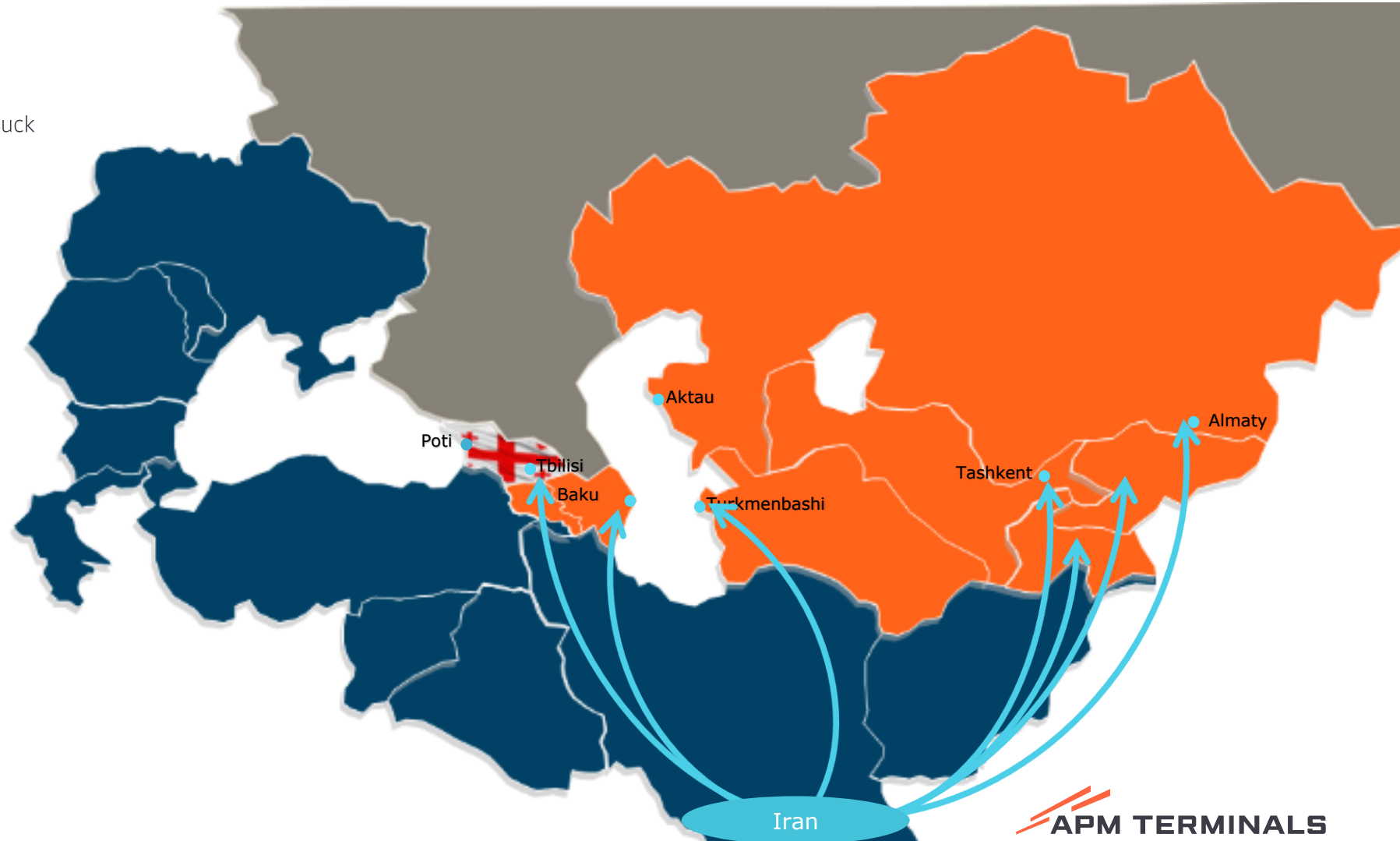
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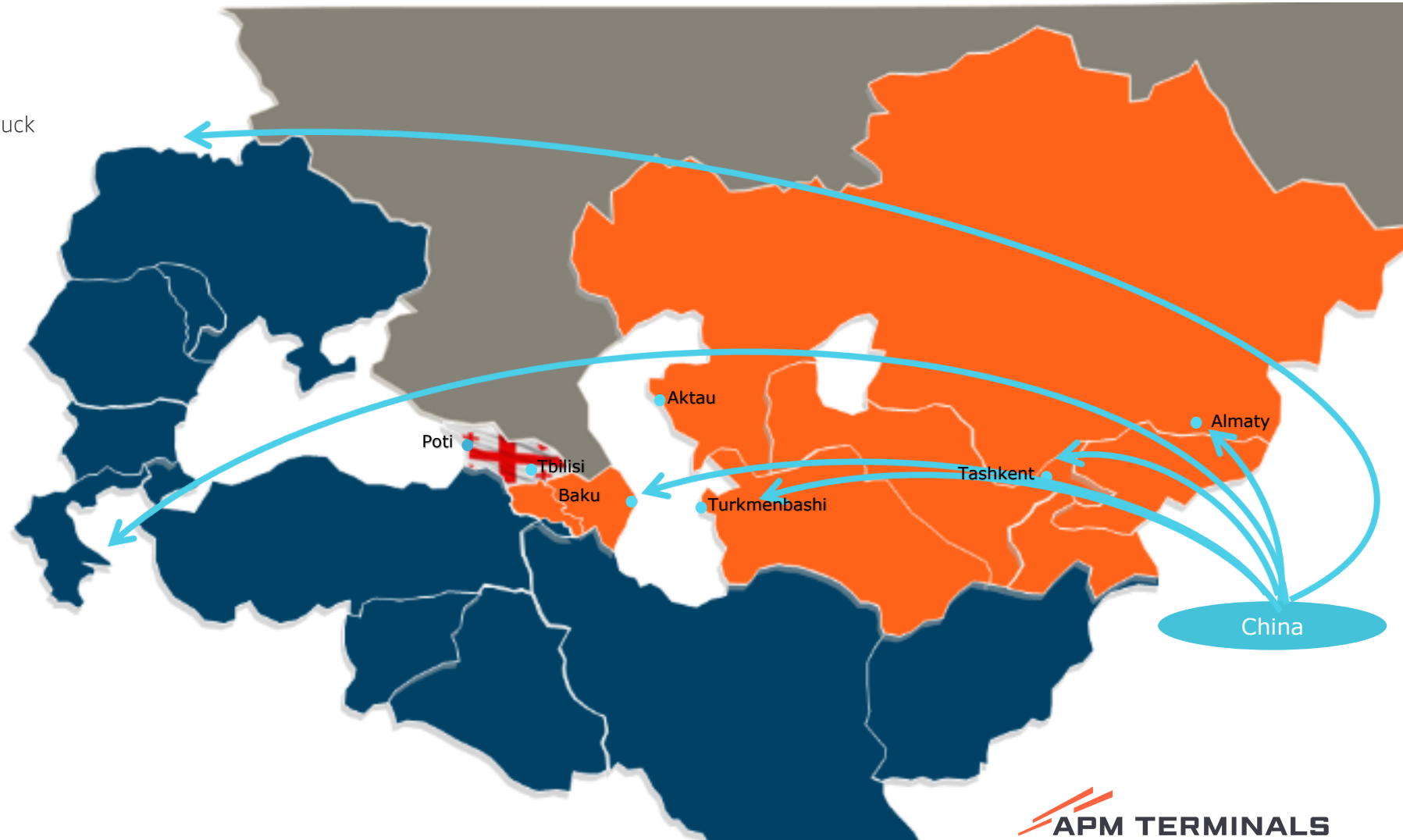
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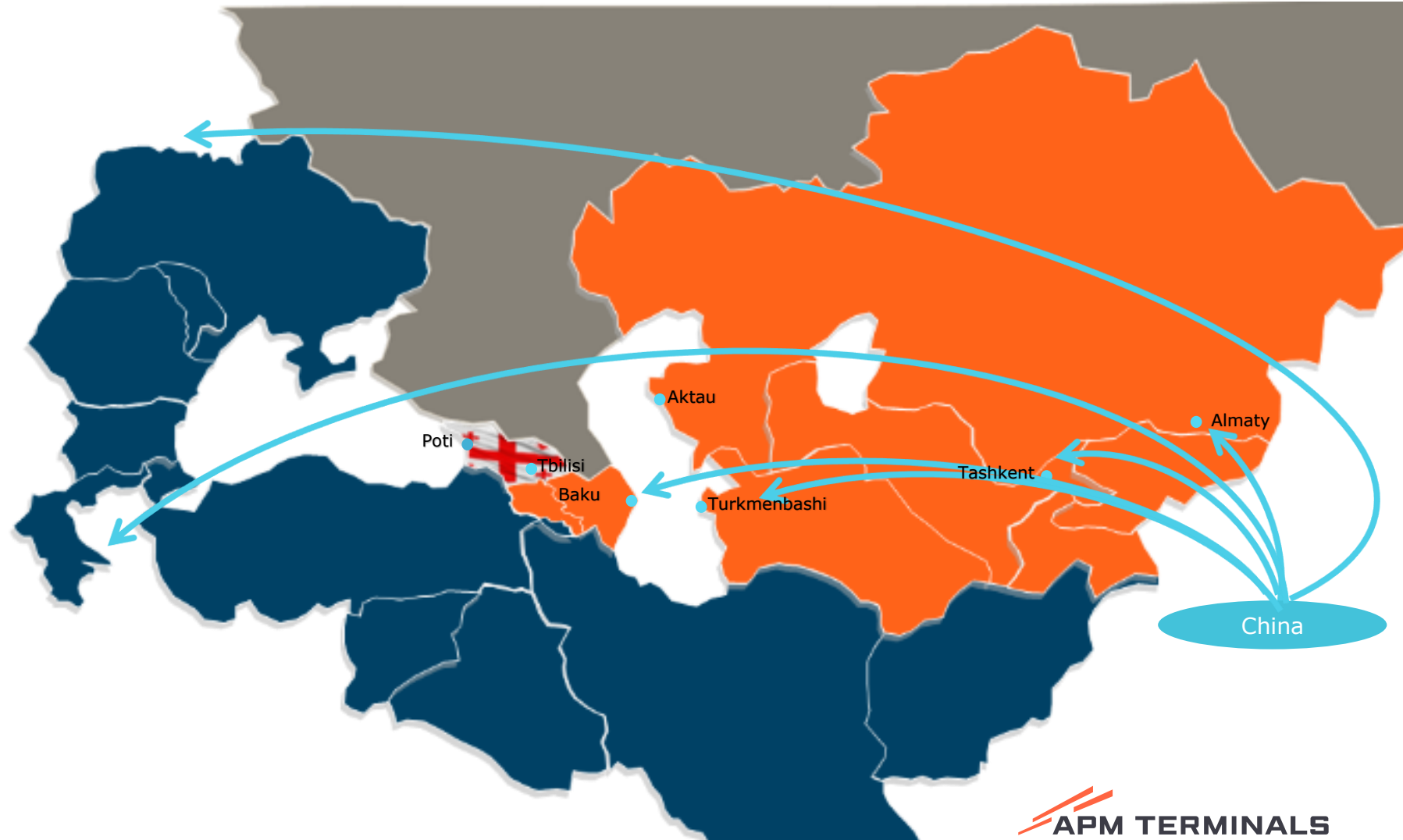
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Challenges

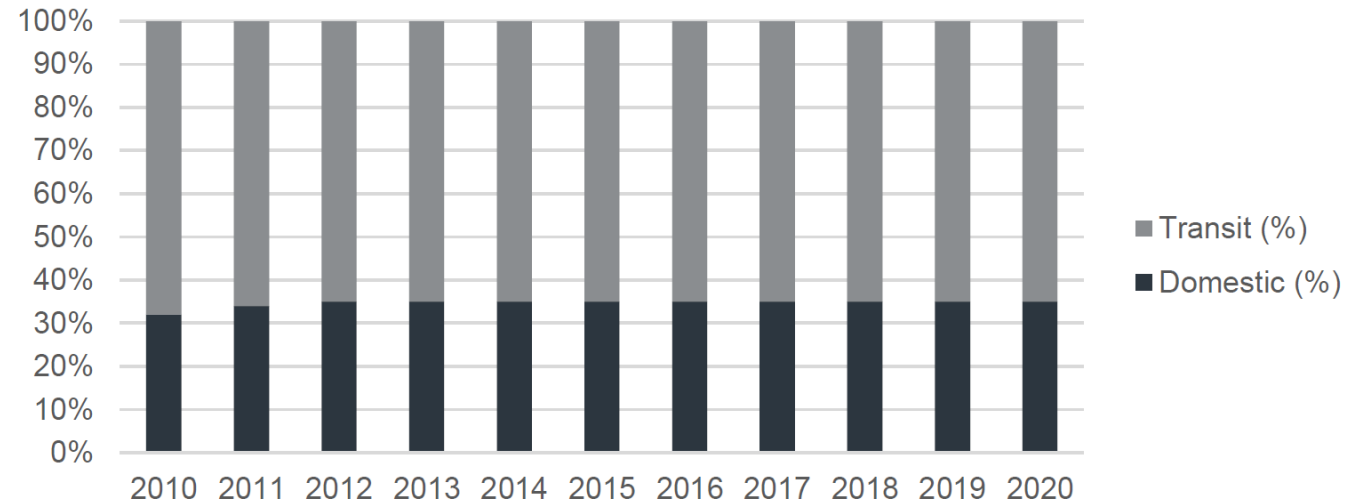
- Transparent Communication
- Cargo Visibility
- Modal Change
- Transit Time Integrity
- Cargo Flow Balance
- Equipment Availability



Georgia – small, but a key to the region

Georgia's small size belies its current importance in regional trade...

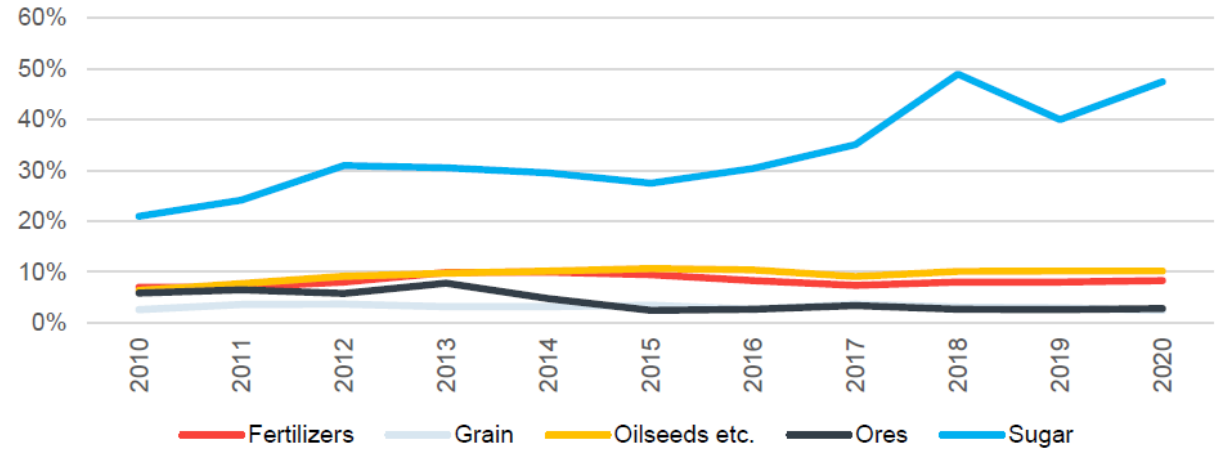
Development of Transit & Domestic TEU Share at Ports in Georgia to 2010-2020 (%)



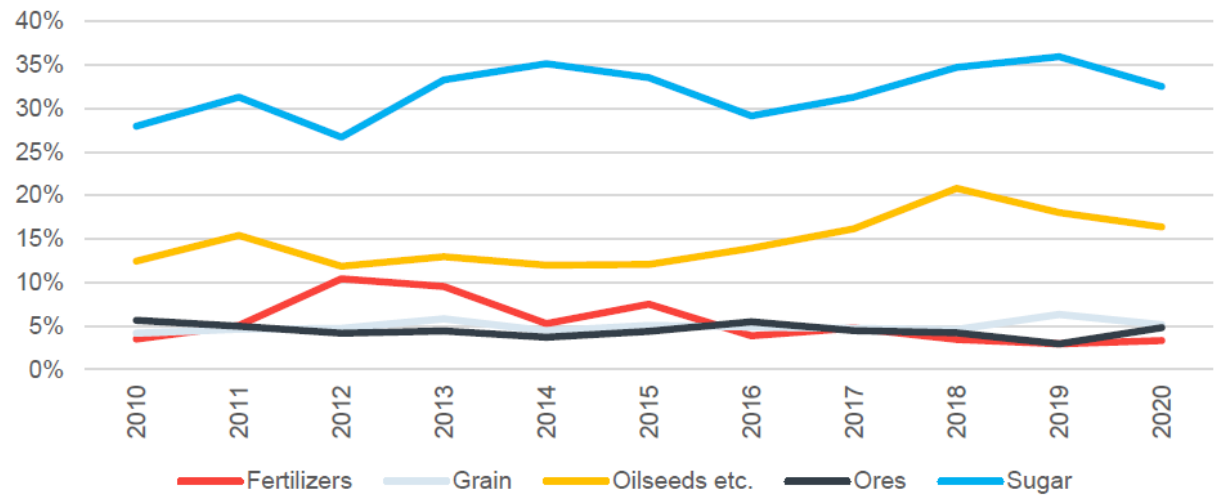
Source: Internal APM Terminals Analysis

Containerisation of dry bulk in developed markets

European Union - Containerisation levels of the dry bulks (% of total sea trade)



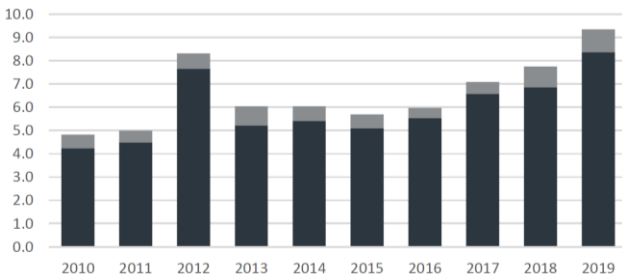
North America - Containerisation levels of the dry bulks (% of total sea trade)



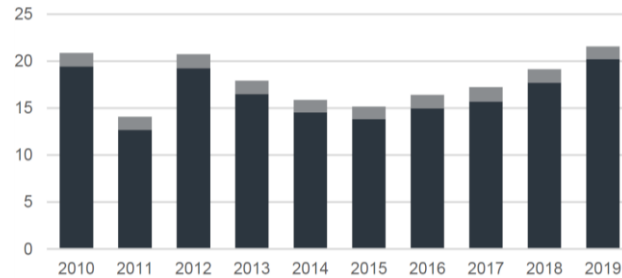
Source: Internal APM Terminals Analysis

Central Asian Containerisable Volume

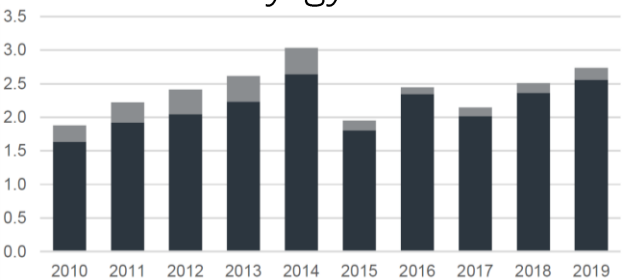
Uzbekistan



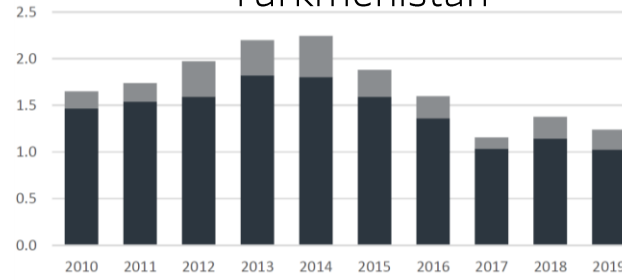
Kazakhstan



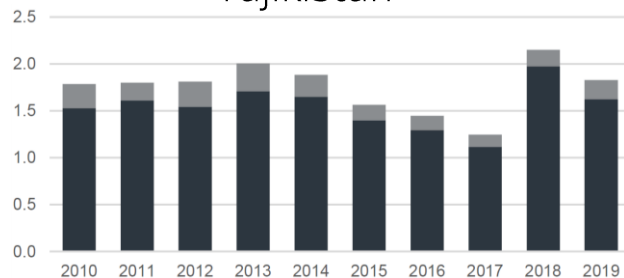
Kyrgyzstan



Turkmenistan



Tajikistan



Current Transportation Modality:
 By Sea 
 By Land 

... an importance that will grow with the development of the Middle Corridor.

Current potential containerisable volume for Central Asia:

By sea: 33.3 million tons

By land: 2.9 million tons

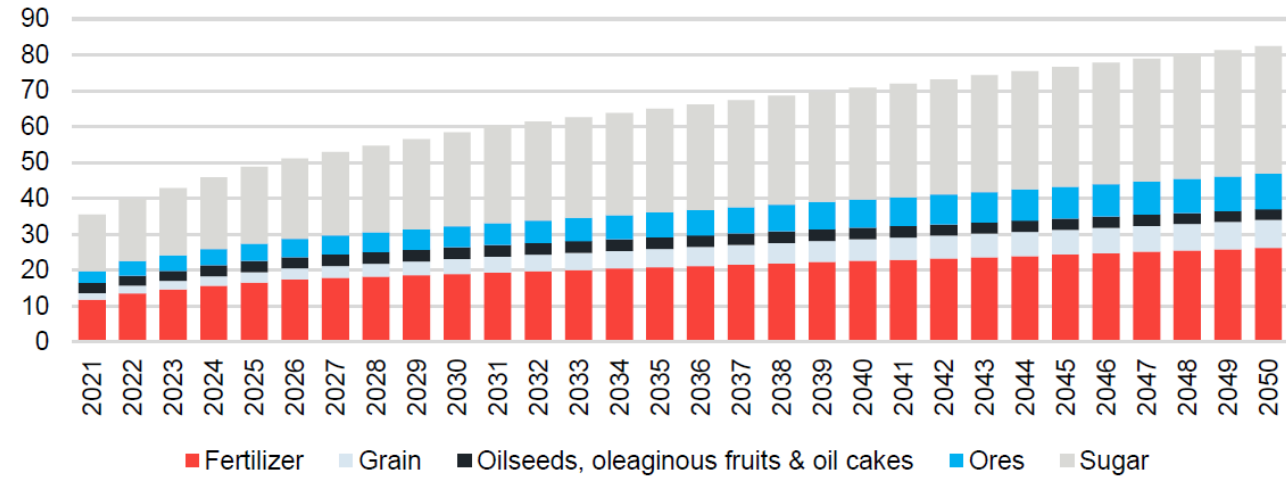
Source: Internal APM Terminals Analysis

Potential for container traffic through Georgian ports

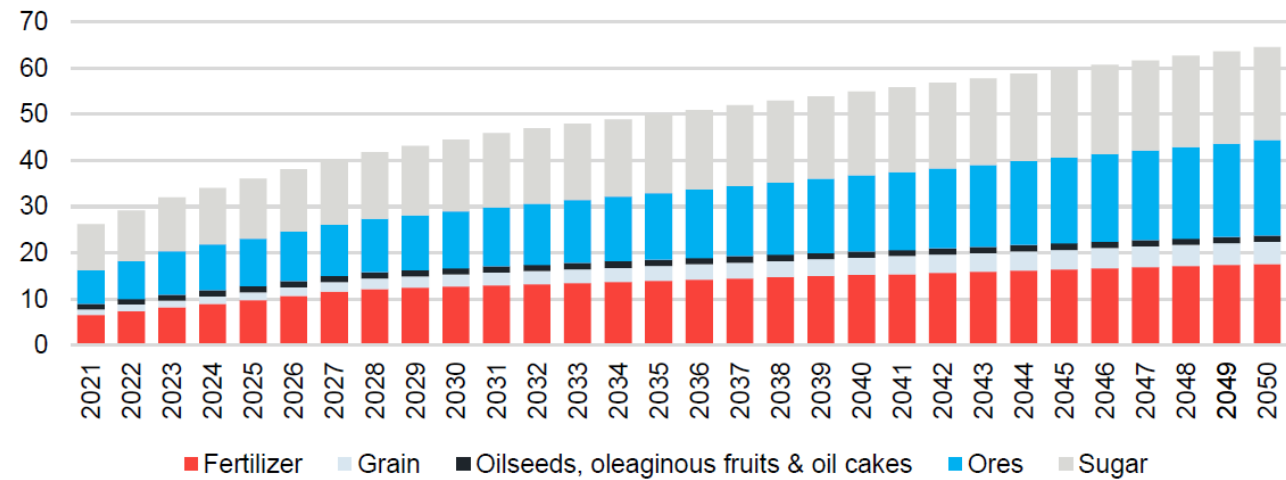
Clear inferences to draw:

- Regional market is heavily under-containerized compared with developed markets
- Significant potential:
 - Tripling of two-way cargo volume with Central Asia to 2050

Containerisation Potential - Georgian Ports Hinterlands (000 TEU)

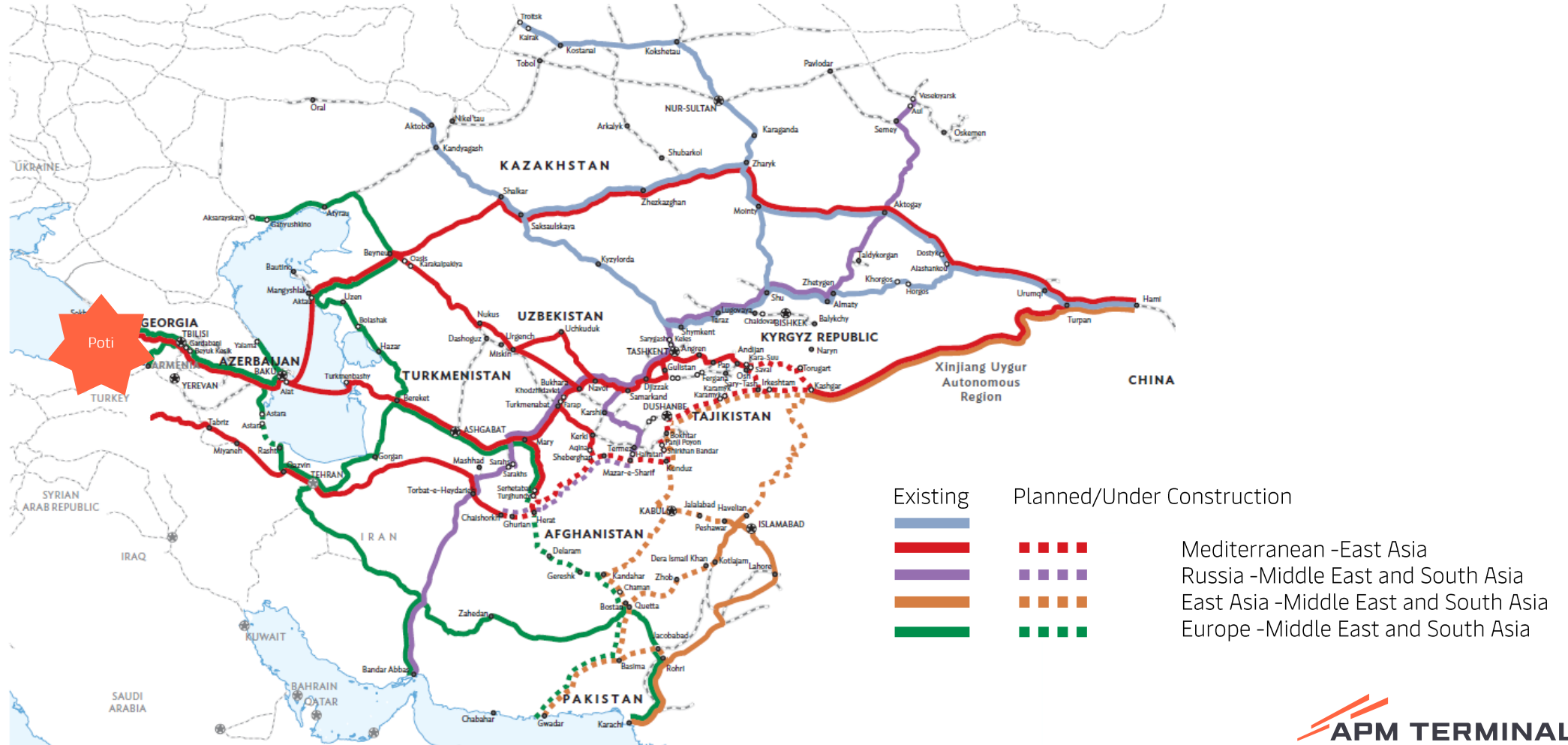


Containerisation Potential - Volumes attracted to Georgian Ports (000 TEU)



Source: Internal APM Terminals Analysis

Rail Corridors Across Central Asia/Caucasus





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Lifting Global Trade